Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. XII., No. 26 | DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1930 | Subscription $1.50 a Year

Farmers' Store News

Splash! Splash! Splash!

Why miss all the fun?

Bathing Suits for Paw, Maw and the Kids, from 55c to $2.50

Ladies' Patent Pumps $3.95
Ladies' Patent One-straps $4.75
Neat, Dressy and Inexpensive Ladies' Silk Gloves $1.25
Men's White Broadcloth Shirts (collar attached), dressy and comfortable these warm days $2.00
You'll be cool in our Summer Underwear, from ..... 95c to $1.75

See our bargain table for some real buys in Men's Oxfords.
A pair of Sox FREE with each pair of Oxfords.

Simmon's and Parkhill Beds, Springs and Mattresses always in stock
Congoleum Rugs and Linoleum Floor Coverings in a number of pleasing patterns

Whiz Fly Fume—The Fly Killer

Let us help you with your picnics. We have Sandwich Relish, Kay, Chopped Olives, and all the trimmings that go to make delicious sandwiches.

Specials Friday, Saturday and Monday:

Dill Pickles (2½'s), 2 tins 55c
1 tin each Peaches, Apricots and Plums, all 2½'s 80c
Heinz Baked Beans, medium size tin, 2 for 35c
Rice Krispies, 2 for 25c

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

1.30 Inches Rainfall Supplies Needed Moisture

A drenching rain, which lasted from Thursday night until Saturday morning, and which has been reported fairly general throughout the province, was welcomed in this district the latter part of last week. The local meteorological station reported the total rainfall as 1.30 inches. Crops have benefited considerably, and with the exception of some that have been entirely blown out, others are now reported to be coming along splendidly. The outlook, insofar as crop conditions are concerned, for the present appears to be satisfactory.

New Scheme to Aid Unemployed

OTTAWA.—Efforts to stabilize employment on the year-around basis constitute a new economic trend that will help to take manufacturers into the home and other new markets, according to prominent economic students here.

Year-around employment is being discussed quite generally by outstanding commercial leaders today, and many of the business leaders understand that they have a heavy responsibility toward their workers in providing continuous employment. The practical result will be to make manufacturers interested in any and all new markets, rural as well as metropolitan. Out of it will come larger appropriations for the purchase of advertising space in farm publications.

WORK AND PRAY

Pray as if everything depended upon God, and work as if everything depended upon you.—Rev. H. Pain.

Alberta Institute of Co-Operation
JULY 2nd to 4th (Inclusive)
Olds School of Agriculture

All Phases of Co-operation Discussed by the Leading Authorities in Canada and United States, among them being:—

OUTSIDE SPEAKERS

Dr. S. W. Murchie, Prof. of Rural Economics University of Manitoba
Dr. Tait Butler, Editor "Progressive Farmer," of Memphis, Tennessee
Miss Verna Eisinger, Director of Farm Organization, Ohio Farm Bureau Federation, of Columbus, Ohio

INTER-PROVINCIAL SPEAKERS

WHEAT—**Geo. Molver**, General Sales Mgr. Canadian Wheat Pool
WHEAT—**E. B. Ramsay**, Manager Canadian Wheat Pool

PROVINCIAL SPEAKERS

WHEAT—**Geo. Bonnett, Ian Plummer, J. Strang**
LIVESTOCK—**A. B. Claypool.** DAIRYING—**J. R. Love**
POULTRY—**D. N. Malin.** WOOL—**C. Jensen McGrath**
In addition to the above, Premier Brownlee, Dr. H. W. Wood, Dr. H. C. Wallace, Mrs. J. Parlby, Mrs. R. B. Bates, are to be invited to take part.

THE ALBERTA INSTITUTE of CO-OPERATION is the Only Big Thing of Its Kind in Canada.
Accommodation for Camping privileges on the campus at the School for those who wish to use their own Camping Outfit

Dominion Bureau of Statistics

Infant Births and Deaths for December, 1929, Announced

A preliminary report on births, marriages, and deaths for the month of December, 1929, for the nine provinces of Canada has been issued by the demography branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics.

In comparing the figures for December, 1929, with those of the same month for previous years, it should be remembered that for previous years the reports represent final figures, while those for 1929 are provisional. Attention is further directed to the fact that previous to 1928 the province of Quebec was not included in the Registration Area.

BIRTHS

The total number of births reported for the nine provinces of Canada in December, 1929, was 19,381, as against 19,084 for December of last year.

There were altogether 16,784 confinements, as the confinements numbered 19,359, resulting in 18,919 children born alive and 440 children born dead. Twin births numbered 243; in 220 cases both infants were born alive while in 15 cases one only was born alive, and in 8 cases both were born dead. There were three sets of triplets, in which all the children were born alive.

Stillbirths reported in December were distributed as follows: Prince Edward Island 3; Nova Scotia 21; New Brunswick 31; Quebec 206; Ontario 244; Manitoba 60; Saskatchewan 40; Alberta 34; British Columbia 21: total for nine provinces 651. Stillbirths are not considered either as births or deaths.

MORTALITY

The maternal mortality rate computed on the basis of 1,000 living births was 5.9 for December, 1929. The rates for the same month in the preceding years were as follows: 1928, 5.9; 1927, 6.7; 1926, 6.4; 1925, 6.6; 1924, 5.7; 1923, 6.2; 1922, 5.7; 1921, 5.0. The mortality among male children under one year of age was 62.1 per 1,000 males born alive, while mortality among females was 77.1 per 1,000 females born alive.

Best Customer

Canada was last year the leading purchaser of scientific apparatus from the United States, trade figures indicate. Soviet Russia was second.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

SAFETY FOR BATHERS

Outdoor bathing is healthful. Swimming is a fine exercise since it brings into use all the large muscles of the body. In addition to the refreshing effect of the swim, there is also the advantage of the sun bath.

Unfortunately, every summer there are a number of tragedies resulting from outdoor swimming. Carelessness and over confidence are the causes of these tragedies. It is not so often the person who cannot swim who is the victim as it is the swimmer who attempts to swim too far.

We do not suggest that a timid, fearful attitude is what we should have. We do think, however, that a common sense moderation is required in regard to swimming as it is with other things in life.

You should not go into the water right after a meal. Wait until the food in those eaten has had time to be digested.

Exhaustion is always dangerous. It is never wise to strain the body by pushing it to far, to the point of exhaustion and if this is done in swimming it simply invites trouble. Always stop before you are tired out.

It is a mistake to go in bathing alone. Someone should be within call in case of an accident.

Anyone who suffers from fainting spells or epileptic seizures should keep out of the water, or at least, out of anything excepting very shallow water, and in the latter case, only in the company of a friend. Persons with heart disease, kidney disease, and those who have high blood pressure should not go in bathing excepting upon the advice of their physician and then only under the conditions and for the length of time he recommends.

Everyone should know how to swim, and unless you can swim, it is simply folly to take a chance in canoes. The canoe is safe when properly handled but so often it is in charge of someone who is unskilled, or else some foolish passenger decides it is fun to change seats or rock the boat.

We would advise everyone to learn how to swim. It is a fine exercise and never does a fearless form of recreation. Swimming may also be the means of saving your own life or that of another. Inability to swim cuts you out of many pleasant hours during the summer. If you cannot swim, do not be foolish and take a chance; learn to swim. If you can swim a little bit, do not get the idea that you are a Channel swimmer and try to prove it. Be moderate in your swimming; such is conservative and not a harmful gamble with fate.

Card of Thanks

[Under the heading are charged 50 cents per line, six words to the line, minimum.]

Mr and Mrs Koch, south east of Delia, who had the misfortune to lose their home through fire, wish to thank Mrs W. G. Sweet, and are very grateful to all the Delia people who responded so generously to Mrs Sweet's appeal on their behalf; also to Sish Reeves and H Nixon, who broke into the burning house at great risk and saved several pieces of furniture.

MR AND MRS. KOCH

U.F.A. GOVERNMENT IS RETURNED TO POWER

In the provincial election held last Thursday, the electors of Alberta have again shown a preference for the U.F.A. government, when the majority of the Farmer candidates were returned to the legislature for another five years.

G. A. Forster, the retiring U.F.A. member in the Hand Hills constituency, was re-elected over his opponent, Major J. L. Newman, Ind. candidate, by an approximate majority of 916.

In the Drumheller constituency Fred C. Moyer, Ind. candidate, was elected by a majority of 77 over his nearest opponent, Archibald F. Key, the official Labor candidate.

A list of elected members with approximate majorities, is as follows:

U.F.A. GOVERNMENT

Alexandra—P. J. Enzenauer, 900, unchanged.
Vermilion—Hon. R. G. Reid, 1,500, unchanged.
Pembina—George MacLachlan, 800, unchanged.
Edmonton—W. G. Farquharson, 584, over two opponents, unchanged.
Innisfail—Donald Cameron, 300 over closest opponent in three-cornered contest, vote transfer probably necessary, unchanged.
Acadia—Lorne Proudfoot, 60, unchanged.
Clover Bar—Rudolph Henig, 997 over closest opponent in three-cornered contest, vote transfer probably necessary, new constituency.
Empress—W. C. Smith, 200, unchanged.
Hand Hills—Gordon Forster, 916, unchanged.
Whitford—Isadore Goretski, 981 over two opponents, unchanged.
Stettler—A. L. Sanders, 37 over two opponents, unchanged.
Victoria—P. A. Miskew, 43 over two opponents, unchanged.
Cochrane—R. M. McCool, 12, unchanged.
Vegreville—A. M. Matheson, 472, unchanged.
Camrose—Hon. Vernon Smith, 1,095, unchanged.
Okotoks-High River — Hon. Geo. Hoadley, 1,166, unchanged.
Lethbridge—Hon. J. F. Lymburn, headed poll under proportional representation, unchanged.
Olds—F. S. Grisdale, 200, unchanged.
MacLeod—Hon. R. G. Shield, 600, unchanged.
Taber-Claresholm — Gordon Walker, 600, unchanged.
Wainwright—J. R. Love, 479 over two opponents in three-cornered contest, vote transfer probably necessary, unchanged.
Sedgewick—A. G. Andrews, 1,400, unchanged.
Taber—J. J. McLellan, 300, unchanged.
Vermilion—Gilchrist Blair, 600, unchanged.
Grande Prairie—Hugh Allen, acclamation, unchanged.
Warner—M. J. Connor, 300, unchanged.
Sturgeon—S. A. Carson, 100, unchanged.
Cypress—Hon. Perren F. Baker, 105, unchanged.
Lac La Biche—Hon. Perren F. Baker, acclamation, unchanged.
Lloydminster—Hon. George Hoadley, 1,166, unchanged.
Red Deer—G. W. Smith, 75, unchanged.
Total 35 members.

LIBERALS ELECTED

Medicine Hat—Hector Lang, 642 over closest opponent in three-cornered contest, transfer of vote probably necessary, unchanged.
Wetaskiwin—H. J. Montgomery, 300, Liberal gain from U.F.A.
Lethbridge City—J. Hossenberry, 106, Liberal gain from U.F.A.
Bow River—L. A. Purdy, 150, unchanged.
Edmonton—Geo. H. Webster, elected on first proportional representation count on Liberal quota.
Calgary—John J. Bowlen, on tenth count, P.R., Liberal gain from Labor.
Calgary—A. J. Ross, 105, Liberal gain from U.F.A.
Total—Seven members.

CONSERVATIVES ELECTED

Edmonton—D. M. Duggan, second on first proportional representation, unchanged.
Calgary—John Erwin, elected first count, proportional representation, unchanged.
Calgary—Hugh C. Farthing, on ninth count, unchanged.
Calgary—Alf. Dr. H. W. McGill, on tenth count, P.R., new seat.
Total—Four members.

INDEPENDENTS ELECTED

Rocky Mountain—G. F. Cruickshank, 284 over closest opponent in three-cornered contest transfer vote probably necessary, Independent gain from Liberal.
Drumheller—F. C. Moyer, new seat
Bow Valley—McIntosh, 300, Independent gain from Liberal.
Total—Three members.

LABOR ELECTED

Lethbridge—Andrew Smeaton, 400 over nearest opponent in three-cornered contest, vote transfer probably necessary, unchanged.
Edson—Chris Pattinson, 500, unchanged.
Calgary—Alf. F. J. White, on seventh count, P.R., unchanged.
Total—Three members.

Come to Canada

Seventy per cent. of all American emigrating from the United States during 1929 came to Canada, figures of the Department of Immigration show. During the year 16,886 Americans entered Canada to remain permanently. The majority of these came here to take up lands in the west.

RED CROSS MEETING

The first regular meeting of the Delia Red Cross Society will be held Thursday, July the 3rd, at three o'clock sharp in the U.F.A. Rest Room.

Will the sixteen ladies who have joined please make a special effort to attend, and will all those who are interested in this work accept this notice as an invitation to them also?

The Delia branch is now making a collection of second hand clothes, shoes, hose, bedding and magazines; also old wool underwear, hose, sweaters, scarfs, etc. These scraps will be sent away and made into woollen blankets.

Parcels of the above for Red Cross may be left at W. B. Dunlop's, or the Farmers' Store, and persons having parcels for Red Cross they wish called for, please notify Mrs. W. J. Bares, Mrs. H. Thayer, or leave a message at this telephone office; the parcels will be called for.

Following are the suggested plans for the Delia Branch, quoted here for the benefit of those interested, but who may be unable to attend the organization meeting.

1st. We plan to further health education by the distribution and study of authentic health literature.

By the promotion of Junior Red Cross in the schools. By co-operation with the health office, and clinic held here.

2nd. We plan to have committees appointed in every district in this community, who will in the locality find crippled kiddies needing care, or for cases who would be eligible for treatment in the Red Cross Hospital, Calgary, and to report on cases needing a little help with clothes.

3rd. To begin at once to stock our cupboards with clothes, that we may be able to undertake local relief work this coming winter if necessary.

4th. Any assistance we could be given some other district in need.

We wish to stress the fact that the Red Cross Society is not a relief organization, but that relief work is handled locally by a local branch, who make their collection of clothes, etc., locally and in that district, this work along with the usual Red Cross activities.

The Delia Branch plans to keep in the first line of "Charity begins at Home"; but to undertake anything whatever else is possible from time to time for the Crippled Children's Hospital.

Four meetings a year will be held; special meetings to be called, if necessary. No lunches of any sort to be served.

The membership fee is one dollar a year, payable within the year.

We solicit your membership, and invite you to join us as an active or associate member.

Foresees Brisk Trade in the Middle East

G. R. Heasman, the Canadian Trade Commissioner at Batavia and Java has returned on a short visit and is enthusiastic as to the prospects of developing Canada's trade with Java, the Dutch East Indies, British Malaya and Siam, all of which are included in his territory.

Mr. Heasman stated that in considering export markets, too many Canadian manufacturers are prone to overlook the possibilities of the Middle East, which compare favorably with the markets in Japan, British India, Argentine and many other countries that are considered such excellent markets by the Canadian exporter. Mr. Heasman's trade territory covers an area of approximately 1,000,000 square miles with a population of nearly 70,000,000.

Java, says Mr. Heasman, is the most densely populated country in the world, with a population of four times that of Canada in an area the size of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. One of the chief deterrent factors in the past in the development of Canadian trade with the Middle East has been the absence of direct shipping services. During the past year, however, this handicap has been to a great extent removed by the inauguration of a direct service from Vancouver to Java via Hong Kong and Singapore.

Great Amount Food In Storage

The June preliminary statement of food commodities in storage in Canada, as issued by the Bureau of Statistics, shows that there is approximately one and a half times the amount of food in storage as there has been for the last five year average. Thus there is over 2,000,000 pounds of beef in storage in excess of last years's and the five year average. The present total is 11,612,548. Butter, mutton or lamb, veal and poultry of all descriptions are also much higher in amount than during the five year average.

Car and Tractor Owners

WE HAVE INSTALLED

A Valve Seat Replacement Equipment

and are now equipped to install valve inserts in any make of car or tractor where valve seats have become damaged.

This is not an expensive job, and in many cases will save the expense of a new head or cylinder block.

WE ALSO HAVE A

Lyle Valve Refacing Machine

which will do a 100 per cent valve job.

Your repair work on any make of car or tractor is respectfully solicited.

WM. GIBSON
Implement and Ford Dealer
DELIA, - ALBERTA
Phone 28

Bicycle Brought Good Roads

Now that summer is here in full blast Ottawa bicycle dealers are explaining the part the old bike played in the good roads movement, in an attempt to popularize their means of locomotion. Any day around this town you can hear the whole history from any of the dealers who point out that the modern highways owes a great deal to the ungainly bicycle of the eighties. In those days when front wheels were measured some five feet in diameter the stability of the wheel was not very great.

Headers were common and mounting was difficult. To overcome these difficulties of the ordinary bicycle, the so-called safety was developed in 1885, in which the pedals were carried on a separate shaft and the power was transmitted by chain and sprocket to the rear wheel.

Then came the development of the demand for smoother surfaced roads for the use of the vehicle. The craze of cycling reached its height in the late nineties and crubs of wheelmen were organized. Their main aim was the improvement of roads and the investment in highway construction dated from this campaign, which was launched by the wheelmen.

From 1896 to the present day, hardly a month has gone by without the launching of propaganda in the interest of the good roads movement.

The rock that resists a crowbar gives way to the roots of the tender plant.

Trinidad Goes in for High Tariffs

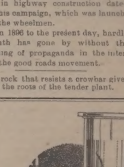
A cable from the Canadian Trade Commissioner at Trinidad states that as from the early part of June Trinidad has quadrupled the tariff for refined sugar under the British Preferences (applicable to Canada), and has done approximately the same in the case of the general tariff. The preferential rate was increased from 4s per one hundred pounds to 16s 8d, and the general raised from 6s to 24s 4d. The duty on leaf tobacco was also raised, while the customs tariff was otherwise increased by the imposition of a surtax of 10 per cent on all customs duties, with the exception of the sugar and tobacco.

Half a Million Radio Licenses

Over 15% of Canada's farm homes are today equipped with radio receiving sets, it is stated by Commander C. P. Edwards, Director of Radio Service in Canada.

From 1896 to the present day, hardly a month has gone by without the launching of propaganda in the interest of the good roads movement.

During the first half of 1930 nearly half a million radio licenses were issued in Canada. There are at present 70 broadcasting stations in this country.



Gum-Dipped Cords Stand the Acid Test

Even though Firestone cords are of superior strength and elasticity before they are built into Firestone Tires, they go through the Gum-Dipping process for added strength and endurance.

Gum-Dipping—exclusive to Firestone Tires—saturates and insulates every fibre of every cord in the tire. This prevents the cords from chafing against each other and eliminates internal friction and heat—the greatest enemy to tire life.

Thus Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires have double reasons for their toughness, ruggedness and unequalled mileage—by actual tests, they hold all world's records for mileage and endurance! Specify Firestone Gum-Dipped Tires on your car. See your nearest Firestone Dealer today.

FIRESTONE TIRE AND RUBBER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED
HAMILTON ONTARIO

Firestone
GUM-DIPPED TIRES

Delicious Salada quality is an inexpensive luxury

"SALADA" TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

764

The Problem Of Markets

It may be poor consolation to the wheat producers of Western Canada, who are in a quandary over the problem of selling their product in the markets of the world at a price which will yield to them a reasonable profit over the cost of production, to learn that they are by no means the only producers of a commodity used throughout the world who find themselves in difficulty of a like kind. And because the producers of these primary commodities are experiencing difficulty in finding markets, the makers of secondary and manufactured goods are also feeling the pinch, and find themselves overstocked with goods which they cannot at the moment sell.

The situation which exists is not one that affects Canada alone, or any one commodity alone, but the whole world. It is a problem of over-production in the majority of cases. It affects not only the primary producers in all countries, and the manufacturers, but it reacts adversely upon every class of business and every individual. Because there is a pile of primary products the transportation companies are losing business, and in turn they are employing fewer men in their manifold departments. Merchants require less help because less goods are being sold. Office staffs are reduced, and the resultant shortage of money and of buying power on the part of everybody has slowed up or put a temporary stop to building construction activities.

No country in the world is immune from this present condition. It is world wide, but fortunately, Canada is not seriously affected than any other of the great trading countries of the world.

While Canada's problem is wheat, Brazil's is coffee. While other countries grow coffee, notably Java and Arabia, Brazil is the great source of supply. It has been steadily increasing production, as have other countries, growing more coffee than the world could consume. In order to prevent prices falling to a ruinous level, which actual over-production would have brought up the surplus and kept it off the market, to be released in years of a short crop. The result is Brazil now has sufficient coffee on hand to meet total world requirements for two years, with another big crop coming on. The financial strain has proven too great for that country to bear, endeavoring to float a huge loan, $100,000,000 or more, at a high rate of interest, and in doing so has given a pledge it will buy no more coffee, and will liquidate the present enormous holdings within a few years.

Sugar is in much the same position as coffee. In 1926-27 world production of sugar was placed at 23,750,000 tons, or about 300,000 tons less than consumption. The following year production and consumption almost balanced, but in 1928-29 production jumped to over 27,000,000 tons, or far in excess of world requirements, while this year's estimates indicate a still greater production.

Cotton, too, joins the procession. In the last five years the United States produced on the average 40% more cotton than the average for the preceding ten years. The average for the ten-year period ending 1925, was about 11,000,000 bales; in 1926, about 18,000,000 bales were produced. Texas, formerly a great cattle ranching state, is now the greatest cotton producer among the states. Oklahoma is also going in strongly for cotton, and both states are using machinery, as against the old hand picking system, with a result similar to the revolution in wheat production through the introduction of the combine. One Texas farmer harvested 1,700 bales of cotton with five labourers, using machinery, where under the old cotton growing states 100 workers would have been required to plant and cultivate and 200 more to pick the crop by hand. It is estimated that Texas alone could produce twice as much cotton as present world needs.

Rubber, tin, zinc, zinc, and other basic commodities are all in the same class, production out-stripping consumption, the increase in the latter not nearly equalling the increase in the former, and in regard to some commodities even far exceeding the decline.

Coupled with this situation was the huge withdrawal of money and credit into the speculative stock market during the past two years, ending in the crash of three months ago. The effect was that farmers were deprived of their usual credit facilities, and this reacted unfavorably upon their normal purchasing, which, in turn, reacted upon consumption, consumption on manufacturing, manufacturing on labor, and labor on consumption .All business ailments.

In the case of Malay rubber, Cuba sugar, Brazil coffee, the idea prevalent was that control of distribution was the same as control of production. As a writer recently put it, they could withhold and make. Production is controlled by the direction and energy of human activity, aided or retarded by forces of nature. Prices are arrived at by the relationship between supply and demand. If demand is greater than supply prices rise. If supply is greater than demand they fall.

In Canada, the source of national prosperity, it is now admitted, lies in the wheat crops of the West. World wheat production is steadily, even rapidly, increasing. The biggest problem, therefore, confronting Canada today, is to find a profitable, permanent market for its wheat. To the solution of that problem every Government, the Wheat Pools, farmers' organizations, manufacturers, merchants, citizens generally, must bend their energies and to it devote their best, most constructive thought.

More Remaining In Canada

Scientifically Trained Men Not Leaving In Such Large Numbers

A radical decrease in the number of scientifically trained men who find it necessary to leave Canada for employment was cited by Rev. Dr. H. J. Cody chairman of the board of governors of the University of Toronto, in an address to the Canadian Manufacturers' Association there. Dr. Cody spoke of the work of the Technical Services Council, an organization founded in 1927. During the past year, 1,000 applications for trained men had been received, and 550 graduates had been placed in key positions in Canada. Since 1925, the percentage of the graduating class of Toronto University leaving the country had been reduced from 27 to 3 percent.

DO YOU VALUE YOUR HEALTH?

If your health is poor; if you are pale, nervous and easily tired; if you suffer from headaches and backaches; if your digestion is bad and run-down condition it that these symptoms come from an impoverished state of the blood. This condition is remedied a complete breakdown may follow. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect medicine for any one in this condition. They enrich and purify the blood and thus promote health and strength.

Mrs. G. M. Andrews, Halifax, N.S., writes:—"I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house and when I see a young, anaemic girl they completely restore her health. After marriage my health broke down and once more Pink Pills gave me back health. My friends all tell me how well I look and they say Dr. Williams' Pink Pills deserve all credit."

You can get these pills at all druggists, or sent by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Interested In Canada's Railways

Many Questions Asked By People Antipodes

"One of the chief things that impressed me in my visit to Australia and New Zealand was the intelligent interest the people showed in Canada," said Hon. Sir Henry Thornton, president Canadian National Steamships, who returned recently to Montreal from a trip which has taken him around the world.

"I went to the Antipodes," he said, "in the interests of the Canadian National Steamships and it was a great satisfaction to me to find that not only were our sister dominions interested in the service but that they had very good opinion of the national railways and our steamships. Where ever I went, I was asked questions about the Canadian National System, who is regarded on the other side of the world as a public figure of considerable significance, and the development in railway operation are studied carefully by railway officials.

Persian Balm is the one true family aid for skin health and beauty. Aids to clear complexion of dermal blemishes. Protects the tender skin of the child. Relieves the heat rash. Use as a shave or cooling shaving lotion. No matter what ails the skin, and it is always beneficial to the skin. Every woman should use it. Persian Balm cools and refreshes the skin and creates complexions of surpassing loveliness.

An Old Timer Passes

Antoine Gennaille Was Prominent Figure In Early Days Of West

Recently from the town of Nobleville, Saskatchewan, there passed on to the great beyond, trip and on old-timer, Antoine Gennaille, at the age of ninety years. He was born in 1840 at La la Crosse, son of a factor of the old North West Trading Company. He was one of the half-breed guides on Captain Palliser's expedition of 1857-58, which looped through Alberta and into the mountains. He was chief guide for the Dewdney expedition in 1879, before that leader became governor of the North West Territories. He was in charge of the first printing press to go west from Fort Garry, to Edmonton, where the Hon. Frank Oliver had his sleeves rolled up waiting for it.

Will Retain Employees

Absorb Employees Affected By Transfer Of Natural Resources

Employees of the Department of Interior, who may be affected by the transfer to the western provinces of their natural resources are, by instructions of the government, to be absorbed in other branches of the civil service.

An order-in-council to this effect has been passed in sequence to recommendation on the subject between the Minister of the Interior and the Prime Minister. It was made known recently.

Sounds Logical

The architect of a public-house, at Leicester, England, applying for a license, admitted that people might object to the noise, but added that for the same reason he would not like to live next door to a church or chapel, and that the only place for quiet was to live next door to a cemetery.

Lady—"My husband is a grapefruit grower."

Lady—"Well, his product is certainly in the public eye!"

The female mosquito is not only the one that stings but the one that sings.

PILE PAIN
Ends in 1 Minute
"Relief here, itch and pain of piles in 1 minute with 'Soothe-Dalve'," writes C. T. Sears, Tillamook, Oregon. Instant relief. Applied externally. Get last-minute today. All druggists.

Girl's Features On Bank Note

Pretty Russian Girl Receives Signal Honor

Agnes Hosjukin, whose features are to grace Russia's new bank notas, has been proclaimed by the Government "a beauty with struggle in her eyes." She also is declared to be one of the most modest girls in the country. When the Government asked a committee of leading artists and sculptors to find a beautiful face that would portray the spirit of modern Russia, the members were warned that it also must possess the courage and fortitude that comes from hard work. After travelling about the country for weeks and making sketches of more than 100 possibilities, one member chanced to see Agnes hurrying through a congested street in Moscow. Her face had the appearance of a blend of expression of her dark eyes and the tilt of her chin convinced him his quest was ended. The next day the committee gathered at her modest home and unanimously chose her.

Was Hero Of Sailing Adventure

Commander Eustace Maud, Agend Eighty-Two, Died In Victoria

The death took place, at Victoria, of Commander Eustace Maud, 82, at Mayne Island. He was born in England. A few years ago Commander Maude's achievement in sailing the Pacific Ocean, a boat by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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Many Questions Asked By People Antipodes

"One of the chief things that impressed me in my visit to Australia and New Zealand was the intelligent-interest the people showed in Canada," said Hon. Sir Henry Thornton, president Canadian National Steamships, who returned recently to Montreal from a trip which has taken him around the world.

"I went to the Antipodes," he said, "in the interests of the Canadian National Steamships and it was a great satisfaction to me to find that not only were our sister dominions interested in the service but that they had very good opinion of the national railways and our steamships. Where ever I went, I was asked questions about the Canadian National System, who is regarded on the other side of the world as a public figure of considerable significance, and the development in railway operation are studied carefully by railway officials.

An Old Timer Passes

Antoine Gennaille Was Prominent Figure In Early Days Of West

Recently from the town of Nobleville, Saskatchewan, there passed on to the great beyond, trip and on old-timer, Antoine Gennaille, at the age of ninety years. He was born in 1840 at La la Crosse, son of a factor of the old North West Trading Company. He was one of the half-breed guides on Captain Palliser's expedition of 1857-58, which looped through Alberta and into the mountains. He was chief guide for the Dewdney expedition in 1879, before that leader became governor of the North West Territories. He was in charge of the first printing press to go west from Fort Garry, to Edmonton, where the Hon. Frank Oliver had his sleeves rolled up waiting for it.

Will Retain Employees

Absorb Employees Affected By Transfer Of Natural Resources

Employees of the Department of Interior, who may be affected by the transfer to the western provinces of their natural resources are, by instructions of the government, to be absorbed in other branches of the civil service.

An order-in-council to this effect has been passed in sequence to recommendation on the subject between the Minister of the Interior and the Prime Minister. It was made known recently.

Sounds Logical

The architect of a public-house, at Leicester, England, applying for a license, admitted that people might object to the noise, but added that for the same reason he would not like to live next door to a church or chapel, and that the only place for quiet was to live next door to a cemetery.

Lady—"My husband is a grapefruit grower."

Lady—"Well, his product is certainly in the public eye!"

The female mosquito is not only the one that stings but the one that sings.

WAS WIDELY KNOWN

The Late F. E. Trautman

Death took a colorful figure from the railway and newspaper worlds of Canada recently, when F. E. Trautman, for many years press representative for the Canadian Pacific Railway, western lined and dean of western publicity men, succumbed to a short illness in Misericordia Hospital, Winnipeg. "F.E.", as he was familiarly known in hundreds of newspaper offices throughout Canada and the United States, was in his 67th year. He leaves a widow and one young daughter, June.

After a long and varied journalistic career in the eastern states, Chicago and Canada, in which he filled every position from one at the compositor's case to the editorial chair, Mr. Trautman joined the Canadian Pacific Railway in Winnipeg, in 1912, under Sir George Bury, who was then vice-president, and inaugurated the first railway publicity bureau here.

Under a deliberately gruff exterior the veteran press representative carried a remarkable fund of kindness for the young newspapermen, and many contemporary figures of note in the fourth estate owe their start or their success to his advice and help. It is partly on this account that few Canadian journalists were so widely known and admired.

Mr. Trautman was married to Miss Kathryn M. Ross, who survives, and who was at the bedside during his last illness.

Origin Of Jury System

King Charles, Of Burgundy, Was First To Use It

The seed of jury justice, found in Frisia, matured in England and transplanted to every continent, now thrives over two-thirds of the land area of the world. Developed originally by King Charles of Burgundy to collect taxes and later by William the Conqueror in his famous English census, the jury system has finally become, in this day, a symbol of Justice to men in many nations.

Japan is the latest nation to place the jury system in operation. Although the jury law was passed by the Japanese Legislature six years ago, it went into effect only a month ago. Two courthouses had to rebuild the courtrooms before granting accused persons the right to demand trial before "twelve good men and true."

Stop the Cough. —

Coughing is caused by irritation of the inflammatory passages and is the effort to dislodge obstructions that come from inflammation of the mucous membrane. Treatment with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will allay the irritation, and in consequence the cough will usually stop. Try it and you will be satisfied.

Biggar and Better City

Fire At Wainwright Now Considered To Be a Blessing

Nine months ago on a windy day six blocks were burned out of the wooden town of Wainwright, in Alberta, and fourteen hundred people carried a dead loss of more than a half-million dollars. It was such a strong wind hoisted the fire along that it appears to have blown much of the ashes away from the site, and doubtless the village blacksmith, or garbage man, or somebody, said that anyway the town now had a clean start. Then things began to happen. The tax collector had been having a terrible time, but now everybody up and paid and it was the very places that had gone up in smoke. A town-planning commission got busy, with the help of the provincial expert. A stringent set of building regulations was enforced, and by September building permits had been issued which more than covered old valuations. Through the winter not an able-bodied worker was unemployed. Now the business district is of brick, tile, and stucco, and building in the residential district, which was untouched by the conflagration, promises a bigger and better Wainwright. The feeling now is that the fire knew exactly what it was about, and that was conferring a blessing.

The grand essentials of happiness are:—Something to do, something to love, something to hope for.

Out of the water, seals have poor eyesight, a fact which aids greatly the work of the sealskin gatherers.

American farmers raise six main types of corn — dent, flint, flour, pod, pop and sugar.

Minard's Drives Away the Headache.

Her Three Children Troubled With Diarrhœa

Mrs. Leo Lapointe, Laurier, Man., writes:—"My three youngest children were very bad with diarrhoea. I tried all kinds of remedies, until a kind old lady told me to try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I got a bottle right away and started giving it to them, and the diarrhoea has been stopped altogether. Now I will know what to do when any of my children are troubled that way again."

On the market for the past 85 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Fairly Satisfactory Proof

British Fishing Interests Have Decided That Advertising Pays

If the proof of the pudding is in the eating of it, the proof of advertising is in the using of it. So the British fishing interests decided. People ate fish in Great Britain in considerable quantities and had done so for generations. But when the heads of the business saw it, they did not eat enough nor nearly as much as they would if properly educated in respect of the virtues of fish as a food.

The upshot of it all was that the fishing interests began an advertising campaign. They schooled the public to "Eat More Fish!" and told why. There were doubters, of course. But the far-sighted leaders in the undertaking were confident that the public demand for their fish could be enlarged if they advertised widely and intelligently. They got the fish trade to appropriate for advertising one penny out of every pound sterling they took for fish caught. A small allowance, to be sure. But it reflected an increase of more than $5,000,000 in the fishing industry's sales.

Fairly satisfactory proof, "one might say, that advertising pays.

British Columbia Apiaries

About Two Thousand Bee Keepers Are Operating In the Province

British Columbia has about 2,000 bee keepers with an average of ten hives each and a yield of about 100 pounds per colony, according to "The Province." There is at present, however, a tendency towards "big business" in honey production and one firm, Turnbull's Apiaries Limited, is setting out 1,500 colonies of bees over a 200 mile stretch of territory in the interior of British Columbia.

Relieves Asthma At Once. If you

could read the thousands of unsolicited letters received by the makers from asthma sufferers you, too, would realize the remarkable powers of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. In all cases, Incipient and chronic, are relieved at once. Send for free booklet. Why suffer or experiment with worthless preparations when the genuine Kellogg's can be purchased everywhere.

Premier Ring in "Talkies"

Prime Minister Mackenzie King entered the "talkies" for the first time when he faced a battery of moving picture sound machines and delivered a message that will be produced all over Canada and United States and will be sent to Great Britain and Europe as well. The occasion was that of Kingsmere, the Prime Minister's country home near Ottawa, was the back-ground for the "shots."

Use Minard's for Rheumatism.

British Stock For Canada

If this Empire is to remain a British Empire and its practice and its principles are to survive, declares the British stock must be increased to keep pace with other stock which are flowing into the vacant spaces. So far as Canada is concerned there are two ways of doing this—by assimilation and by the injection of new British stock. Both processes should be worked simultaneously.

Women Who Work

Modern Devices Have Not Altogether Eliminated Work In the Home

By some persons whose knowledge of housewives is limited those important members of society are supposed to have been relieved of the necessity of doing any physical work. Excessive feminine indulgence in amusements is assumed to be the sorry result.

Systematic inquiry shows a very different state of things. The bureau of home economics in the Federal Department of Agriculture reports that in country districts and in cities of less than 50,000 population women work in their homes an average of only forty-two hours a week, while the average among thousands of women questioned is fifty-one hours a week.

Plainly, vacuum cleaners, electric washing machines, telephones, canned goods, delivery service and all the rest have not saved the time and labor-saving devices have not reduced the housewife to damoralizing leisure. On the contrary, threatened with ennui. There is no great danger of her finding too much leisure on her hands. Worry over her mental and moral condition is her supposed state of freedom from toil is, to say the least, premature.—Chicago News.

Bell-Ringer Is Pensioned

Swedish Woman Pulled Ropes For Thirty-Five Years

Sweden's last woman ringer of church bells, Augusta Anderson, who for 35 years has pulled the ropes in the tower of the old Katarina church at Stockholm, has been pensioned and electric machinery will now be installed.

The church has four bells, the largest of which needs six persons to swing it. The bells are rung every day at eight in the morning and at five in the afternoon.

Solved His Problem

A visitor from Aberdeen at a Liverpool hotel inquired about the board charges. The figures being rather high, Sandy exclaimed: "How much do you charge for garaging my car?" "No charge whatever," he was told. "Well, then," decided Sandy. "I will sleep in my car tonight."

Taking Water Fowl Census

The National Parks of Canada, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, and the United States Biological Survey, Washington, D.C., are co-operating in an investigation to determine if the water - fowl population of North America is increasing or decreasing.

There are earthworms in Australia an inch in diameter and over six feet long.

The Phillipines are to have a chain of hotels.

Will Use Western Flax Straw

Flax Straw To Go To Ireland

Many new methods are being devised and machinery developed for cheapening flax for the spinner in the northern Ireland as a direct result of the existing depression in the linen industry, R. B. Johnson, Canadian trade commissioner, has reported to the Department of Trade and Commerce, that in some cases it is claimed that the new methods will allow the use of Canadian western flax straw which has hitherto been burned as useless. Mr. Johnson reports that one important firm has arranged for a trial shipment of 50 tons of flax straw from the Dominion. This, however, is not for linen manufacture.

Northern Ontario Coal

The Central provinces of Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, although abounding in peat bogs of commercial value, are devoid of coal with the exception of Northern Ontario, where lignitic deposits have recently been opened up by the Ontario Government. Samples of this lignite are being tested in the laboratories of the Department of Mines, in Ottawa, and elsewhere.

Falling Hair

Use **Minard's** before it's too late. It checks falling hair, and stimulates new growth as well. Apply persistently to scalp four times a week.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1343

Busy Summer For Graf

Arctic Flights and Cruises Around Europe Are Scheduled

A busy summer is forecast for the Graf Zeppelin, according to the schedule announced by the Hamburg-American Line, agent in the United States for the airship.

Included in the schedule are three flights to the Arctic Circle, a number of short trips over Germany and several cruises to other parts of Europe. The first flight was an eight hour cruise over Switzerland, and this will be followed by cruises to the Rock of Cape, Spitzbergen, Iceland, British isles, Spain, the Baltic Sea and the Mediterranean, and concluding with a flight to the Leipzig Fair about September 1.

Likes Canadian Papers

Britisher Wonders How They Can Be Published So Much

"I have the highest admiration for Canadian newspapers, and wonder how it is that they accomplish so much, for I was greatly surprised and astonished to see a picture of my cousin, the late Sir Ernest Pollock, K.C., Attorney-General of the Board of Hong Kong, in newspapers at Quebec, prior to sailing for a summer vacation in England.

British Columbia Lumber

Production of the forestry industry in British Columbia, in 1928, had a value of $90,000,000, of which lumber accounted for about 50 per cent.

Every man, woman and child in Canada, the report pointed out, had an interest in U.S. foreign trade amounting to $148.

France now has 6,000,000 cyclists.

Weak After Operation

"I was very weak after an operation, My nerves were so bad I would sit down and cry and my husband would not go out and leave me alone. Now my nerves are much better, thanks to a booklet that was left under the door. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound surely put me on my feet. I have taken eight bottles. My friends tell me I look fine. My sister has taken this medicine too."—Mrs. *Annie Walton, 67 Stanley St., Kingston, Ontario.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way

Covered with Pure-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper goods that usually stale in a day or so stay *fresh* for days a long time. Try it. Get Pure-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer, druggist or stationer. For less exacting uses get "Centre Pull" Packets that form.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED
HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Island Falls Plant Now Supplying Electric Energy In the Northern Hinterland

Saskatchewan's first hydro-electric plant has commenced operations.

Three generating units at Island Falls are in use and power is being transmitted on a 58-mile pole line to the mining town of Flin Flon, on the Saskatchewan-Manitoba border.

Inauguration of the hydro project in the northern hinterland marks an important milestone in Saskatchewan mining development.

When the Whitney interests took up their option on the important Flin Flon claims on December 1, 1927, development was started that has already involved expenditure of close to $25,000,000. Included in this was the building of a border mining town which now has a population of nearly 3,000, and the building of a 90-mile railroad across the muskeg from the Pas to the Flin Flon site.

The Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company, Ltd., sponsored by Jack Hammell and the Whitney Interests, had about the sufficient power to operate an electric smelter at Flin Flon, Manitoba power sites were passed up in favor of the Churchill site at Island Falls in Saskatchewan, a distance of 58 miles from the townsite of Flin Flon.

Winter roads were cut through the forest from Flin Flon and in 40 and 50 below weather an almost continuous train of caterpillar tractors tore through the bush to deliver thousands of tons of cement and supplies to the dams at Falls site.

Traditional methods of forest freighting were thrown into the discard and power was made use of—winter. The speed of the operations alone rivalled the mammoth proportions of the entire undertaking.

There are now electric lights at Flin Flon, one of the most up-to-date towns in the northwest, just as there have been electric lights in the modern settlement of Island Falls for some months past.

The Island Falls and Flin Flon power and mining projects have led the way for history-making development in northern Saskatchewan and Manitoba and other undertakings have closely followed that commenced by the Whitney people.

The Sherritt-Gordon mines at Cold Lake is one of the other big projects, while in Saskatchewan the Consolidated Smelters, Nipissing Mines, Churchill Minerals and Dominion Explorers have done a great deal of exploration and development work.

Other mine undertakings are expected along the Churchill, where ore bodies of rich values have been found close to power sites. While 86,000 horsepower has been harnessed at Island Falls there is in addition about 500,000 to 600,000 horsepower available in easy access of important discovery in Saskatchewan mining regions within its radius of prospectors.

Inauguration of the Island Falls transmission line has come several years earlier than was expected when the Hudson Bay mine firm held its annual meeting some months ago.

Shut Out Foreign Wheat

Italy Increases Duty On Wheat and Flour Entering Country

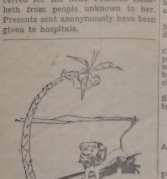
An increase in the duty on wheat and flour entering Italy was put into effect by the Italian government on June 3, according to a cable received at Ottawa by the Department of Trade and Commerce. The step was taken in the furtherance of the Italian government's program for protecting the agricultural industry of Italy. Custom duties on wheat has been increased from 72 cents a bushel to 86 cents a bushel and the duties on wheat flour has been increased from $3.31 to $4.87 per 220 pounds. There are no conventional duties on these products.

Paying the Birds

It is said that Sir Richard Owen, who had a beautiful garden, was once asked by a friend why some of his cherries were not protected by nets. "Those cherries," he answered, "are the salaries of my orchestra, the wages of my choir." So he repaid the birds for their music.

Presents Had To Be Returned

The Duchess of York, following a rigid rule of the Court, has returned all innumerable birthday presents received for the little Princess Elizabeth from people unknown to her. Presents sent anonymously have been given to hospitals.



"And for this I've been paying my sub to the Society for Protection of Animals and Plants for seventeen years."—Gutierrez, Madrid.

Unemployment Problems

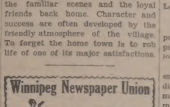
Rationalization Of Industry Displaces Workers Right and Left

Grave unemployment problems are almost universal, and the grim figure is pouring out of work torrents. Credible estimates place the number of unemployed in the United States at about 4,000,000. Germany is relatively in as bad a case. In Great Britain the total number passes the 1,700,000 mark. Rationalization of industry displaces workers right and left. But this inevitable first result of the elimination of waste is industrial Attila, tragic though it is, is distinctly preferable to denying a place to scientific method in industry. If we tried to check scientific progress we should be no wiser than the proprietors of carriages and sedan-chairs who appealed to the government of their day to prohibit umbrellas.—London Spectator.

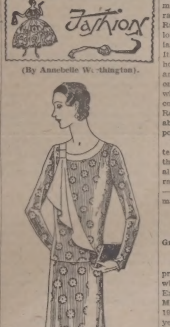
Remember Your Home Town

Pay Old Friends a Visit As Often As Possible

Many railroads today are advertising small excursion rates over the week-end so that city dwellers may go back to the old home town for a short vacation. Immersion in business, coupled with a crowded calendar of engagements, should not deter a man from closing his desk Saturday noon but he may board a train or an automobile bound for the familiar scenes and the loyal friends back home. Character and success are often developed by the friendly atmosphere of the village. To keep the home town in a rosy life of one of its major satisfactions.



(By Annabelle W. Shington).



A practical everyday dress in printed rayon crepe with simple bodice cleverly brought into shape with the attached circular flaring skirt showing a novelty flat hipline. Seaming at waist and skirt marks the normal waistline.

It achieves a modern note through the cascading jabot frill that starts at right shoulder and terminates at left hip, which is plain crepe in the lightest tone of the band. The long sleeve neckline is finished with applied band of plain crepe.

Style No. 3267 is designed in sizes 16, 18 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

It is easily made, for the circular skirt is in two sections and inserted at sides and stitched to the two-piece bodice that has been closed at sides and shoulders.

Crepe satin is effective with the jabot frill and cuff band made of the dull side of the crepe.

Black silk crepe with eggshell silk crepe, bottle green faille crepe, dahlia purple canton crepe, and feather-weight model in yellow-beige and brown, with plain brown woolen are chic combinations.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

What Canadians Eat

In Many Respects They Are Best Fed People In World

Figures given in the monthly publication of the Royal Bank of Canada, as to food consumption in this country indicate that in many respects Canadians are the best fed people in the world.

Some of the statistics, especially those dealing with dairy products, show an increase in consumption that is little short of amazing.

Take butter for example.

The figures quoted prove that Canadians in 1929 consumed 29 pounds per capita, an increase from 23½ pounds in 1920.

It takes 450 million gallons of milk to satisfy the Canadian demand for this product, the consumption amounting to a pint a day for every man, woman and child in the country.

Since 1920 the requirements of the fluoine market for whole milk, cream, butter, cheese, and ice cream have resulted in increased consumption of 143 million pounds of butter fat.

We eat twice as many eggs now as we did in 1920 and our consumption of poultry has increased from seven to ten pounds per capita.

Similarly we are disposing of a much larger quantity of pork, the consumption of which has increased from 560 million pounds to nearly 800 million pounds, which figures out as an increase from 65 to 81½ pounds per capita.

On the other hand beef consumption shows only a small increase and there has been a falling-off in the quantity of mutton and lamb consumed.

Some People Immune From Tuberculosis

Low Death Rate Among Native Born Persons Of Native Parents

Some very interesting findings appeared recently in a little booklet published by the National Tuberculosis Association.

Native-born persons of native parents show low death rates from this disease. The rates are high for German and Irish rates, both male and female, are over twice the rates of the native born. The rate for Russian-born Jews, is even lower than for native born, and Italian males also show very low rates. Indian females show a high rate, however. The rate for Negroes is any locality is usually from two and one-half to three times that of the white population. These figures, of course, apply to the United States Registration Area which comprises about ninety per cent. of the total population.

Fortunately, the death rate for this terrible disease is getting smaller as the years pass. It has been declining almost yearly since 1900. The 1927 rate was less than half that of 1904 —which meant a saving of approximately 130,000 lives a year.

Prairie Apples

Growing Fruit Trees From Seed Is the Best Method

The hunt for better home-grown prairie eating apples rest with people who grow trees from seeds. The Experimental Station, at Morden, Manitoba, set out 25,000 seedlings in 1916. These had been grown for a year at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, the seed being harvested from 16 varieties of hardy mother parents. Nearly 8,000 of the seedlings have come into fruit and records of them made.

Water-Power and Population

As is well known, the use of power increases much more rapidly than the population and this appears to hold good for the increasing ratio. The latest figures in regard to water-power development and population in Canada are particularly striking. Taking the last ten years, 1918 to 1928, the population has increased 16 per cent. but the turbine horsepower installed has increased 125 per cent.

Wise Proverbs

By others' faults, wise men correct their own.

Every man hath his faults.

Everyone's faults are not written on his forehead.

Forget others' faults by remembering your own.

In every fault there is folly.

Small faults let in greater.

One man's fault is another man's lesson.

Excellence Of Canadian Wheat

Flour From Western Wheat Ranks Above That Of Any Other Country

The superlative quality of Canadian wheat flour was conclusively demonstrated by the tests in bread making that have just been carried out in the research laboratory of the Board of Grain Commissioners in Winnipeg. The bread products of Canadian wheat over that of any other country was clearly shown by the exhibition of loaves resulting from the breadmaking tests. An admixture of Canadian wheat flour with that of any other country raised the quality of the loaf and increased its volume—in some cases to a marked degree.

Competition with Canadian wheat in quality comes mainly from Russia and from the Argentine when that country happens to produce a crop with a large percentage of high grade wheat as it did in the crop year 1928-29. Loaves were made from the wheat of these countries and also from the weaker wheat of other European countries. Then loaves were made with the admixture of different proportions of Canadian wheat.

An admixture of 25 per cent. of Canadian wheat flour with the flour of each of the other countries increased the volume of the loaf as follows: Argentine by 41½ per cent; Russian, 3 per cent.; French, 21 per cent.; Australian, 23 per cent.; German, 28 per cent.; Danubian, 32 per cent.; Argentine (Barusse), 27 per cent.

The increase in the case of high grade Manitoba or "select" grade of Russian wheat was not great, but it was sufficient to show the superiority of Canadian wheat.

Canadians, particularly those of the Prairie Provinces, will be glad to see the excellence of their wheat so clearly demonstrated. The making of the tests with the flour gathered from the various sources is to be commended. The natural results that might well be given in other countries to the proven excellence of Canadian wheat. If the results of the tests could be shown in exhibitions abroad they would help to make known the quality of our wheat and the advantages of using it.

Mixed farming will increase in Western Canada, but since the best wheat in the world can be grown here, its production will continue to be a main feature of western agriculture.—Free Press.

Two Wheat Crops a Year

New Method Adopted At Experimental Farm At Ottawa

The old gentleman, Father Time, often regarded as somewhat relentless, has been out-put over him by the plant breeders at the Canadian Government Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa. Two crops of grain are now grown each year, one in the open and the other in greenhouses brilliantly lighted with electric lamps, which have proven to be good substitutes for the sun's rays. Following the harvesting in the fields of the farm another crop is planted in the greenhouses and thus the work of research and development is carried on without interruption. This threat to nature's old result that the research work, which usually took from eight to ten years to carry out in connection with a specific hybrid development under the old system of field test plots, can now be done in from four to five years under the new system. The greenhouse development is one of major significance to Canada's future as a producer of cereal and forage crops. From this farm has come the famous Marquis, Garnet and Reward wheats.

Will Take Time

"It has been said that women are an absolute failure in public life, for, despite our possession of the franchise, there are few in positions of importance. We should remember that we must learn to walk before we run, and that we must not discount the years of training which the members of the other sex have had," said the Hon. Mrs. Cairine Wilson at a Liberal luncheon given at Niagara Falls.

"Don't you want your office furnishings insured against theft?"

"Yes, all except the clock. Everybody watches that."

Sale Of Explosives Should Be Prohibited

Only Way Accidents To Children Can Be Prevented

For three hundred and sixty-four days in the year, children are tortured not to play with matches and to keep away from explosives. On the three hundred and sixty-fifth day they are generously supplied with matches and explosives and are warned to be careful.

The day after a day of celebration is productive in Toronto of a list of accidents, due to the combination of children and fireworks, as follows:

"Ten-year-old boy, both legs crushed and fractured above knees by top of gasoline drum thrown against him by explosion."

"Six-year-old girl, badly burned about body and arms when smouldering punk stick set dress on fire."

"Four and a half-year-old boy, pupil of left eye cut open by exploding firecracker."

"Thirteen-year-old girl, left eye injured."

How many minor or near accidents were due to providing children with matches and explosives cannot be estimated. For this toll of trouble the children are not at fault. It is upon the indulgent adults who supply the youngsters with the explosives that the blame must be visited.

In spite of the list of accidents, it seemed that there were fewer firecrackers on the streets than in former years. It would be well to let the enjoyment of the day if they were eliminated altogether. This could be done by a statute or by-law, prohibiting the private sale of such things. Public displays in the hands of men, supervised by firemen also would meet all the necessities of a celebration.—Toronto Telegram.

Animal Curfew For France

Farmers Are Not Enthusiastic Over Proposal

While lovers of quiet in France have pleasant anticipations of enforcement of the proposed curfew for animals, farmers are not so enthusiastic over the plan. The French authorities propose that after 10 o'clock at night or 6 a.m. it be allowed to bark, no cat to serenade and no cock to crow. Farmers and owners of pets are opposed to the idea that curfew is observed by their livestock, and they say that they will have a lively time of it, as those living in cities decided that the proposed law is only fair because in Paris motorists must not sound horns after midnight and in Nancy radios and loud speakers must not be heard in the streets.

Timber Is Valuable

Nation Growing Its Own Can Save Millions

Not so many hundreds of years ago each nation had to depend largely on its own timber to satisfy the ordinary needs of its population. Nowadays modern transportation permits timber to be marketed at greater distances from its source, says Forests and Mankind. China obtains large amounts of timber from North America, and Europe gets much of her's from northern Europe. But in the long run it is best economy for a nation to grow timber on its own forest sections where for one reason or another agriculture is either impossible or unprofitable.

A Non-Skid Tie

The non-skid necktie has made its appearance in France. Sheets and threads of rubber are put together to form either the four-in-hand or bow tie, and those are vividly colored to suit the wearer's taste. It is said that the ties will last longer because they will not fray or wear out, but it is not said whether or not they will stretch out of shape.

What War Cost Diplomacy

The admiral, who was conducting an examination for the navy, was addressing one of the candidates:

"Who, in your opinion, are the three greatest sailors in British history," he said.

"I'm sorry, sir, I didn't catch your name when I entered the room," replied the student, "but the other two are Nelson and Drake."

An American millionaire insists on having venison every day, whatever the cost. Deer at any price.

The Almighty gave us brains, but left their use to our own opinion.

European Countries Showing Strong Disposition To Curtail The Importation Of Wheat

Advocate World-Wide Crop News Service

Would Aid Marketing By Circulating Expert Knowledge

Creation of a world-wide commercial intelligence service to be used in collecting expert crop and market information on all lines of agricultural products was discussed by E. M. H. Lloyd, assistant secretary of the Empire Marketing Board, and Dr. J. H. Grisdale, deputy minister of agriculture, and Canadian representative on the executive council of the imperial agricultural bureau, a sub-committee of the board.

Mr. Lloyd, who is touring Canada on the board's interests, admitted that the creation of such a corps and the dissemination of such timely and expert knowledge has been a matter of consideration by the Empire Board for some time. It might be discussed, he said, at the forthcoming economic conference. Expert agriculturists, schooled in the collection of marketing and crop conditions, would be maintained in practically all countries of the world if the plan were set in operation. These reports would be collected in one central depot and from there distributed all over the empire.

Such a service, Mr. Lloyd believed, would be of great assistance to the Canadian wheat pool and other co-operative marketing organizations.

Mr. Lloyd, who is touring Canada to acquaint himself with Dominion products and conditions, believed that many industries would be assisted in finding markets within the empire through the board.

There is an ever-increasing public opinion in Great Britain to use empire products," he said. Through the efforts of the marketing board, empire products that were practically unknown or at least were limited in their use in Great Britain, have been brought to the attention of the people, with attendant increases in sales.

Taking Honor From Scotland

British Government Chemist Says Whisky First Distilled By Arabians

An indignant protest is expected from Scotland as a result of the assertion in an official publication that it is not the original home of whisky. According to Francis Tate, a government chemist, who has written the work called "Alcholometry," whisky was first distilled by the Arabians at a time when the Ancestors of the Great Britain were clothed chiefly in blue dye. Moreover, Tate asserts that whisky was introduced into England under the name of "Usquebagh" in the twelfth century, 100 years before Scotland sampled it. At first it was used purely as medicine, and the monks, who were the only doctors in those days, also were the founders of the distillery industry.

Lumber In Transit

Checking Up Moisture Content Of Pacific Coast Lumber When It Reaches Eastern Canada

An interesting study being carried out at present by the Forest Products Laboratories of Canada, Department of Interior, is the behaviour of lumber in transit from the Pacific Coast. The Vancouver laboratory has arranged to place in carloads of lumber consigned to Montreal and Ottawa a number of boards, the moisture content of which was determined in Vancouver. Through co-operation with eastern consignees, the Ottawa and Montreal laboratories have been checking up these moisture contents when the lumber reaches its destination.

Chinese Thrift

Merchants in the Orient, short of wrapping papers last year, purchased thousands of tons of old editions of New York, Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia newspapers. Almost overnight a new industry arose. Enterprising dealers sorted through the papers and salvaged all the rotogravure and comic sections. These, bound in attractive Chinese covers, are being sold in large cities over there.

Sounded Queer

Minister's wives as everybody knows, have a difficult job in life, and a particular lady's lot so roused the sympathy of a friend that she remarked, "There ought to be a special place in heaven for minister's wives." "Perhaps you're right," responded the minister's wife, "but I should rather go with my husband."

Item About Grain Show

A clipping received from Batavia, Java, shows that the merits of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference have been broadcast far afield. The clipping is a half column account of the show in the Singapore Straits Times.

Black diamonds used in industry are brought almost entirely from Brazil.

The German carp is said to live to the age of 150 years.

The Farmer's Sun says: Whether as a reaction to the efforts of the wheat pools and the United States farm board to "stabilize" prices, or whether it is purely to encourage domestic agriculture, a strong disposition on the part of importing countries to lessen their dependence on outside sources for their future supplies of wheat is now quite evident. The new tariff on wheat recently put into effect in Germany amounts to approximately seventy-eight cents a bushel. There is also a substantial increase in the duty on wheat flour, while that on oats is increased fifty per cent and on barley one hundred per cent. The inference is that Germany, a large importer, proposes to buy less abroad in future. Russia, authentic reports indicate, is pursuing its program of agricultural acclimation, which involves the exploitation of twenty million hectares of collectively operated farms and the use of one hundred and twenty thousand tractors, at such a terrific rate of speed, that although the original plan called for the breaking up of half a million privately owned farms, already between a million and a million and a quarter of these have been abolished, and it has been found expedient to call a halt. So strong has been the movement toward collective farming, it is reported, that it has assumed the aspects of an avalanche, the peasants failing over themselves in their desire to participate. At the present rate of progress it is estimated that the end of the five-year period will see fifty per cent. of private agriculture operated on a collective basis, instead of twenty per cent., as had been originally planned. Based upon a well defined long time program designed to increase the domestic food production, while Brazil, having failed in her attempt to "stabilize" the coffee market by government restriction, is attempting to interest planters in the production of wheat. These are ominous signs which Canadian agriculture cannot afford to ignore.

Tests Not Complimentary

Showed Large Proportion Of Collegiate Students Are Poor Spellers

Tests of spelling made recently at two of Toronto's collegiate institutes were not complimentary to the students, nor were they satisfactory to the public. At one institution, out of 131 who were examined, only 66 were pronounced good spellers, less than half that number. Of the other 38 were either poor or bad. At the other, out of 157 who were examined, 62 were found to be good spellers, but the remainder were either fairly good, poor or bad, and only about one-fifth of the total were fair. Spelling is one of the rudiments of education and the poor showing made in these tests explains the disappointment and even irritation often felt by employers of young people. The authorities should inquire why so large a proportion of students are deficient in a study so important as spelling.

Breeding Gourds Of Ducks

Many Birds Shot In Eastern Canada Are Bred In the West

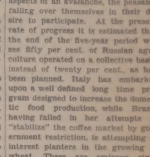
A great majority of the people have the mistaken idea that the wild duck supply comes from remote northern fastnesses. Most of the species consigned to Montreal and Ottawa a number of boards, the moisture content of which was determined in Vancouver. Through co-operation with eastern consignees, the Ottawa and Montreal laboratories have been checking up these moisture contents when the lumber reaches its destination.

Writing in the British Medical Journal, Dr. Lionel Cole recalls the good old army adage that fattened men are protected against infectious diseases and takes the question of whether this is merely superstition "or does the impregnation of the skin by these dyes really afford any protection."

"Oh, why was I ever brought up to be a writer?" sighed the cub to his cub reporter.

"You weren't!" came the unexpected reply of the city editor.

Tortola Island, composed almost entirely of iron ore, is used by United States as target for airplane bombs.



He: "I've lost nearly all my hair, thanks to your hair dye."

She: "But, you've taken the wrong bottle. That's a remedy for removing hair from the chin."—Rolig Half Timma, Gotenburg.

Some Prize Winners at the Provincial Exhibition, Regina, 1929

DON'T SUFFER WITH DANGEROUS INDIGESTION

Do you suffer after meals with a belching, from sour and acid stomach? Many believe they have heart trouble and trouble with fear, expecting any minute to drop dead. This condition can be corrected. Be wise relieved.

Take Carter's Little Liver Pills after meals and sweeten the sour stomach, relieve the gas and encourage digestion.

The stomach, liver and bowels will be cleansed of poison, painful and dangerous indigestion disappears and the system enjoys a tonic effect. Don't delay. Ask your druggist for a 25c pkg. of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Death has removed one of Britain's famous sportsmen, the Earl of Shelton, owner of the Grand National race course at Aintree. He was 59 years old.

Authoritative private advice to the United Press from Moscow, said all the Soviet's spring wheat sowed up to June 10, amounted to 22,176,000 hectares (about 55,550,000 acres).

E. W. Beatty, president of the C.P.R., said his company had a site in mind for their projected London hotel, England, but not the Hotel Cecil as had been rumored.

The sudden overflowing of the Lena River in the eastern section of Siberia has swept away 346 homes and 20 other buildings. Many cattle were drowned and other damage was heavy.

Dieudonne Costes, famed French flyer, has been awarded the medal of the International Aeronautical Federation for the most noteworthy achievements of the year in aviation.

Searching among the drawers of an old sideboard, William Bonnell, of Montrose, Colorado, found an old newspaper with an account of the death and burial of George Washington.

About the time when airplanes will be landing on every apartment house roof or in the commuter's back yard, science will have aided in perfecting an automobile which will run on air. One British firm has perfected a steel so hard it cannot be scratched with the sharpest file.

Plans are being discussed at Windsor, by the Border Chamber of Commerce, for a good will business and pleasure trip through western Canada, possibly late in August or early in September. It is expected that the tour will be open to other than chamber members.

Wool Grown Artificially

Experiments In England Have Possibilities That Are Startling

The startling possibility that wool, cowhide, or even human hair might be grown in unlimited quantities from ordinary oil or scaly skin by living in artificial solution, without troubling to keep alive the rest of the sheep, cow or other animal, is made in England as a result of new experiments on hair growth described in the recently issued annual report of the British Research Association for the woollen and worsted industries.

For a number of years biologists have used many methods of artificial culture of living tissues, a famous example being the fragment of chicken heart which Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute has kept alive artificially for nearly twenty years. Scientists of the Research Association have worked out similar methods for growing in artificial chemical solutions living cells taken from small skins and the capsule of producing both hair and leather.

If a group of skin cells in culture solution thus can live and grow hair indefinitely, there seems no reason why the skin of a sheep, for example, might not be selectively cut in strips, worked, batted in suitable solutions and used as a chemically-maintained wool factory years after the sheep itself had been killed and sold for mutton. While the scientists of the Research Association make no formal prediction they report that artificial methods of tissue culture for cells producing skin and hair promise important utility in the scientific study of these important growth processes in living animals.

A Long Felt Want

"Men who desire such dilutions," says the Rev. C. E. Macartney, D.D., "can drink decaffeined coffee and smoke denicotined tobacco, and now we have on every hand dechristianized Christianity." But up to the hour of going to press, there seemed to be no hope for delayed jazz, declection-lised elections, and dewaterbrized weather. Nor even for delayed taxes.

Student (rushing into library) — "Quick! I want Kenan's Life."

Librarian—"Sorry, but Brutus beat you to it."

KIDNEY TROUBLE BACKACHE VANISHED

"Doan's Pills have done me a world of good. Backache, which had troubled me terribly, and headache, indigestion, gas, backache and dizziness left. Fruit-a-tives" or Fruit Liver Tablets, did me more good than anything I ever took. Get them at any druggist.

W. N. U. 1843

Do Not Want Independent German Women Want To Do Men's Work With Equal Pay

The women of Germany are rallying around a new standard. They want the right of earning a living by moving grand pianos. It seems that a league under the ponderous title "The International Alliance Of Women For Suffrage And Equal Citizenship," got under way in England a year or so ago and then died on its feet. One of the ideas of the league was that women should get equal pay with men if doing the same work.

A branch of the outfit was formed in Berlin, but never did much about equality. Now comes the view that women are being altogether too well protected. They want to kick off those mollycoddling laws which say they shall not be employed as telephone linesmen, or shall not be night watchmen and the old league has been revived. They plowed through a lot of red tape to get a charter, the one which says women shall not go into the business of moving grand pianos. And why not? they demand.

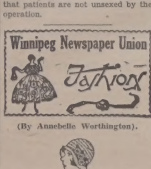
Above picture shows two girls pianos if we want to move grand pianos? They sent a committee to see the labor minister. He suggested that Albert Thomas, head of the International Labor bureau in Geneva, had something to do with the future of labor. So the girls have gone to see Mr. Thomas about it. In the meantime men are moving all the grand pianos.

Mental Defectives

Sterilization Act Has Been Put In Force In Alberta

Eighteen to twenty mental defectives have been sterilized in Alberta. This statement, made recently by Dr. A. Fitzpatrick, of the Alberta Mental Hygiene Department, is the first official announcement that the province's sterilization act has actually been placed in operation.

Operations are performed only when a board of experts pronounces cases permanently incurable, explained Dr. Fitzpatrick. He mentioned that patients are not unsexed by the operation.



(By Annebelle Worthington).

2963.

The Ensemble in tweed in heather brown tones undoubtedly is the most practical and smartest fashion that Paris has sent us in some time.

Style No. 2963 cleverly achieves youthful sophistication through simulated tuck-in blouse of felt and crepe in matching shade with novelty belt in soft brown tones indicating the latest whimsies. The skirt is pleated across front with plain straight slim back, preferred for general wear.

The coat is in seventh-eighth length. The fronts are underfaced with plain woolen in harmonizing tone and rolled into revers with collar.

Sleeves have cuffs of plain woolen with appears again in Appliqued bands of pockets.

It is designed in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 years, and you'll find it very simple to make.

It is very youthful too in mauve-red tweed with matching silk crepe blouse.

Another swagger idea is bottle green novelty woolen with blouse of light tone silk crepe.

For more dressy occasions, it is made of woven plaid transparent velvet, used for dress with coat of self matched tone with blending tone, or of Royal blue velvety woolen with coat dress of matching flat silk crepe.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. ..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

Manitoba Jubilee Impressions

Celebrations In July To Mark the Sixtieth Anniversary Of Manitoba's Admission Into Confederation

(By Old Timer)

Men who have lived in Manitoba since the early days, and especially those who were born here, love to recall the various fights or squabbles in which the Province was involved during the first half-century of its corporate existence. Most of the battles ended in the stormy petrel found their origin in the well-known constitutional fog which seems to have always surrounded the relationship of a Province, particularly a new one, to the Federal authority. The learned Solons who drew up the British North America Act, as well as the more or less wise ones who carved it up before it became law, never dreamed that the community of the big problems that have developed since. For that reason they were unable to lay down in plain words the points of distinction between the respective jurisdictions. Many and varied were the legal and political battles that ensued. The present differences are so mild that by comparison it might almost be said that negotiations are now conducted in silence.

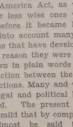
When the Canadian Confederation was established in 1867, four diverse units of British territory in the north-eastern section of the continent agreed to come together and forget, as far as possible, their differences. Since that time all their growth, material status, however, with the necessary, and also some unnecessary, investments, has been in each case there was still plenty of room for argument. If the Fathers of Confederation, who have been receiving all the tributes during the Jubilee celebration three years ago), could not adjust the situation between the Federal authority and that of the four units which had been established for generations, how could they be expected to have provided for problems relating to a new territory subsequently taken into the union? It simply wasn't done, for the reason that it couldn't be done.

The Diamond Jubilee celebrations through the Province on July 15 next, will be designed to mark the sixtieth anniversary of the admission of Manitoba into Confederation, and there is no doubt they will be a success be worthy of the occasion. When the event actually took place in 1870, there was little shading of feeling, particularly in the East, about the wisdom of the step. A review of the litigation and other trouble that has followed would serve to justify much of the doubts, and it is a matter for congratulation now that these have been dispelled. Manitoba was the first of the new territories to be absorbed, and her problems were without precedent, therefore her relations with the "rest of the family" were concerned. It is little wonder, then, that when trouble did arise there was plenty of it. The controversy was graciously regarded as the "martyr," the "stormy petrel" or the "ugly duckling," according to the particular viewpoint of the politician who was expressing oh opinion on the subject. Whatever the description, Manitoba was prominently in the limelight. Whether it was in the matter of railway competition, enlargement and adjustment of boundaries, educational autonomy, insufficient subsidies, or control of certain phases of commercial affairs, there was at least one any doubt about Manitoba's position. If there was a fight, she was supposed to be in it, like the mythical Irishman. Which is more, she not only desired to be in it, but she had her wish gratified to the full.

From the standpoint of material advancement, the most important battle was that in connection with the boundaries. When the Province was instituted in 1870, it was a tiny affair, and was facetiously likened to a "postage stamp." After a fight of more than ten years of discussions the Government headed by Sir John MacDonald at Ottawa, arranged to have the boundaries greatly extended. Indeed, under the proposed scheme a large section of what is now Western Ontario, including the town of Rat Portage (Kenora), would have come under the jurisdiction of Manitoba. But the Ontario Government, under the leadership of Hon. Oliver Mowat, saw a fine chance to raise a commotion, and it was duly raised. When the smoke and haze of legal action had cleared, it was found that the Mowat Government had won out, and Manitoba's eastern boundary was fixed in its present location. There was no Mowat to interfere with the westward extension, so that the boundary was pushed out over the 130 miles without difficulty. Finally, in 1912, a large and important section in the north was added, giving the Province a long stretch of seaboard on Hudson Bay, including two good ports, Nelson and Churchill. The telling shout this boundary fight is simple enough, but a large volume would be required to record the history in detail. The same is true of the other disputes, some of which made or unmade political reputations in various parts of the country. The sequel has been that Manitoba has come to symbolize the protection of Western rights and Western interests. She has played and is still playing an important part in the affairs of Canada.

Poland has spruce forests estimated to cover 1,000,000 acres.

ELECTED GRAND MASTER



J. BELL

Of Vanguard, Sask., who has been elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan, I.O.O.F. for the year 1930-31. Other officers elected: Deputy Grand -Master, M. A. Fletcher, Colgate; J. M. Clark, Yorkton, deputy grand warden; grand secretary, F. B. Gray, Regina; grand treasurer, J. M. Lendrum, Regina; grand representative, Hugh Green, Watson; grand representative for two years, J. A. Hagerman, Unity.

Across Canada By Auto

Dr. Doolittle Again Makes Transcontinental Trip

Dr. P. E. Doolittle, who is now serving his eleventh term as president of the Canadian Automobile Association, has driven to the coast again and is now in Vancouver awaiting the start of the "Golden Twilight" caravan of the provincial government to the northern Cariboo district. This time the cross-country driver came from Toronto to Vancouver, traveling over 4,813 miles, during most of which were in Canada, within ten days.

After concluding his tour with the provincial government caravan, Dr. Doolittle plans to turn east at Kamloops, and travel back to Canada and to the Atlantic ocean.

Food For Babies

Food Question Is a Serious One In the Hot Days Of Summer

Hot summer weather is very trying on babies and the food question is a serious one every mother must solve correctly if her child is to avoid ailments common in this period. Breast feeding is obviously best for baby, but it happens in so many cases that this is impractical, that those interested in well-baby sorts of foods it is wise to use one of these. Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has been used continuously since 1857 and is highly recommended by leading physicians as a pure, easily digested food for bottle-fed babies. It is simply pure milk from which part of the water and fatty things are easily made up according to directions on the can. Eagle Brand is especially satisfactory in difficult cases. Frequently it agrees perfectly with babies who cannot digest other foods. Mothers everywhere who would appreciate a very helpful booklet on the care and feeding of babies, should write to Borden's, Dept. Welfare" from the Borden Co., Limited, Montreal. Free, they mention this paper when writing.

War Books Losing Their Popularity

Output Continues Enormous But Sales Falling Off

War books, which have been appearing in such numbers in recent years, are reported to be losing their popularity there. While the output continues to be enormous in many countries, dealers are beginning to complain that they cannot sell near the number they have on hand. Russia is said to be the only nation which did not catch the war-books craze. When Sheriff recently presented an autographed copy of "Journey's End," to the Imperial War Museum, in London, England, the museum announced that it had 50,000 volumes of war books.

Bequest For Scientific Work

One Fourth Of Nansen's Fortune Goes To Fund

One-fourth of the fortune of Fridtjof Nansen is to be bequeathed to the Nansen fund. Extracts from the explorer's will, read before the Norwegian Society of Science at Oslo, recently, revealed that the fund, which is used for scientific work, will benefit to the extent of $25,000.

The interest on the fund will administer the estate, the interest on which goes to Dr. Nansen's sister.

The Nansen fund has made large grants for several Northern scientific and oceanographic expeditions in recent years.

Farmers In Public Life

The Farmer's Advocate says: "Farmers are getting a grip on things politically. Honorable Walter Lea, a farmer in Prince Edward Island, is now Premier of his Province; Honorable John Bracken, a trained agriculturist, is Premier of Manitoba, and his Honour J. D. McGregor, a noted breeder of Aberdeen-Angus cattle, is Lieutenant-Governor of the same Province.

"Because they accept much smaller salaries," says a contemporary, "women are ousting draughtsmen from their jobs." The designing females!

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 29

ATTEMPTS AT APPRAISING CHRIST

Golden Text: "Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God." — Matthew 16:16.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 2:2-4.

Explanations and Comments

In the triumphal procession of the Roman conqueror, kings and princes were bound in chains to the emperor's train. Thus all the greatest men of the world generations seem to have joined Christ's triumphal procession. Obituary notices of the great in the Among Carlyle's last words were these: "The most important event ever transacted in this world is the life and death of the Divine Man in Judea, at once the symptom and cause of innumerable changes to all people in the world." By acclamation, John Ruskin will be voted the first place among the English prose writers of the last century. But Ruskin says his life "has been dedicated not to the study of the beautiful in face and flower, in landscape and gallery, but to an interpretation of the truth and beauty of Jesus Christ." Another modern humanist is Matthew Arnold, who, dying, Matthew Arnold said, "Christ came to reveal what right-conscious really is. For nothing will be except righteousness; and no other conception of righteousness will do, except Christ's conception of it—His method and secret." James Martineau asserts that Christ must be called "the regenerator of the human race. The world has changed and that change is historically traceable to Christ." We all know that Shakespeare, perhaps the greatest intellect ever known in its wide and many-sided range, paid the highest reference to Christ in passage after passage. All the great poets of our age, Wordsworth, Browning, Longfellow and Tennyson, unite in saying—

"There is a moment human and divine.
The highest, holiest manhood thou;
Our wills are ours, we know not how;
Our wills are ours to make them Thine."
—Newell Dwight Hillis, in "The Influence of Christ in Modern Life."

His Constant Companion

Captain Carried Purple Silk Umbrella With Him Everywhere

In Wilste, Holstein, Henry Moeller, who decided to go to sea, decided on a clipper ship for Hongkong. His aunt said goodbye to him and presented Henry Moeller with an umbrella of purple silk with a gold and snakewood handle. "It will be handy in case it rains," she said.

In 1860, Henry Moeller became captain of the "Lackawanna Railroad's river barges. In 1903, he became captain of the Erie and Lehigh-burg-American Line. In 1920, he retired and went to live in Hoboken, where he often sat in the back-room of Meyer's Hotel, drinking beer with other old captains. Recently he died. His daughter obeyed his request that a wake, under the direction of an old pilot coat in which Henry Moeller was buried, the purple silk umbrella was to be carried on all his voyages, short or long.

Is Easily Mastered

The art of swimming is an agreeable and so easily mastered and the places where it is taught by competent teachers are so numerous in our cities that even urban cities ought not to grow to maturity without being able to do what any country boy can do. Country boys generally finds a "swimmin' ole" and teaches itself.

Massey Given Degree

Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian minister to the United States, who will leave soon to take office as Canadian High Commissioner, at London, England, received an honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the commencement exercises of Dartmouth University.

Nansen's Last Trail

Death Interrupted Plans To Track Down Abyssinian Slave Trade

No statesman and no poet of our time is Nansen's equal to humanity, and only few discoverers and scholars. He came close behind Edison. He was a Viking and a man of science. He was an artist and a friend of his fellow men through and through. He was hunter, boon companion, desperate adventurer, and yet, as he told me himself he was possessed by the idea that the period of wars must come to an end. He was busy at the last with plans for tracking down the Abyssinian slave trade. Now Geneva must set another tracker upon the trail.

For Research Work

Twelve Appointments Announced For National Research Laboratories

Twelve appointments to the professional staff of the National Research laboratories have been announced. Three appointees are returning to Canada from positions in the United States.

Among the new members of the staff are:

Morris Katz, investigator, Trail Smelter reference, international joint commission, Northern Electric, Washington, to the position of assistant research chemist.

H. H. Cook, research assistant in plant bio-chemistry, University of Alberta, to the position of junior research biologist.

Motor Fuel In Western Canada

Unlimited Quantities Can Be Commercially Produced In Northern Alberta

Gasoline in almost unlimited quantities can be commercially produced from oil sands in Northern Alberta, according to Dr. E. H. Boomer, of the University of Alberta, addressing the National Research Council. A new method which yields light oils suitable for the production of gasoline is credited to Dr. Boomer and Dr. A. R. Clark, also of the University of Alberta; and a semi-commercial plant, now in operation, shows, it is said, that Western Canada, at least, will not be dependent in the production of motor fuel.

Prevented By Law

"You are suffering from brain fag and ennui," announced the specialist. "You should take more interest in your business."

"I should like to," replied the patient.

"Then why don't you?" demanded the specialist.

"The law won't let me," replied the patient. "I'm a pawnbroker."

The owner of a motor truck and car was having trouble in starting his engine.

After watching for ten minutes the man wrestle with the starting handle a little boy asked his father:

"How far will it go after he has finished winding it?"

Another good thing about old Deb-bin: He didn't keep alibi and attach a telephone pole when he was a step the driver.

The ordinary person's lungs contain 76,000,000 air cells.

ZAM-BUK

Clears The Skin Of

ECZEMA & RASH

Make Your Windows Pay

Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock

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THE ORIGINAL GLASS SUBSTITUTE

MADE IN ENGLAND SINCE 1917 ON ORIGINAL PATENTS

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but allows the full sunlight to enter, invaluable health-giving Ultra Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.

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Canadian breeders of poultry and livest ock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

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Finds Opinion In Britain Is Strongly In Favor Of Empire Trade

Quebec, Que.—S. B. Gundy, of Toronto, who arrived in Quebec on the "Empress of Japan" after a trip to England, to attend the Chamber of Commerce, told newspaper men, who boarded the ship at Father Point, that when it was suggested that a motion be sent to the next Imperial Conference for the formation of a committee to study the resources of the Empire with regard to protection against the rest of the world, it passed almost unanimously except for a few of the delegates from Manchester, who are afraid that any such plans would increase the cost of living.

In fact, he said, one of the delegates was, when speaking to the motion, pointed out the fact that he in his town did not think he could produce wages was severely called to account by a number of his fellow-delegates as it was pointed out to him that his attitude was very much out of line in comparison with the attitude of the rest of the Empire.

He also noted the fact that there is a strong move in Britain today to build planes in Canada to take care of the Canadian and American markets.

I feel sure, he said, that the British manufacturer realizes more than ever that he must get on the ground floor if he is to get an even break on the markets at this side.

Handley Page, who are at present making an aeroplane with slotted wings, got all their aluminum from the people of Quebec, and I expect that they will build a plant in Toronto in the very near future. I suppose that the aeroplane manufacturer will further ahead in this regard than any other.

All Britain is talking Empire trade just now, and a really strong effort is being made to bring it into force, he said.

Rush For Homesteads

Settlers Pouring Into Northern Saskatchewan In Large Numbers

Prince Albert, Sask.—Driven by the fear transfer of natural resources to the provinces will make it more difficult to take up land, settlers are pouring into northern Saskatchewan in large numbers. In the week ending June 18, 171 homestead entries were filed at the local Dominion Lands office, as against 56 such entries during the corresponding period last year, and 137 for the previous week this year.

Small parcels are being opened up from time to time, but these are disappearing rapidly as the land office records show that all such lots are eager to take up land. Territories in which homesteaders are concentrating are the Meadow Lake country, and districts in the vicinity of Tisdale, Nipawin and Prairie River.

Imperial Conference

British Government Speeding Up Preparations For Meeting In September

London, Eng.—Everything possible is being done by the British Government to speed up preparations for the Imperial Conference. Mr. Thomas told the House. The agenda of the conference, he emphasized, was not prepared by the British Government as the Dominions had to be consulted.

"We are not masters here," he observed.

The question directed at Mr. Thomas has aroused considerable interest in view of reports that the British Government plans to submit an extensive program of Empire co-operation, including bulk purchase of wheat and other grains from the Dominions, to the conference.

Doukhobors Had To Drive Through Nelson

Were Not Permitted To Enter City On Foot

Nelson, B.C.—Thirty-seven members of the Sons of Freedom sect of Doukhobors, on a march from Porta Rico to some unannounced destination beyond Nelson, were not permitted to enter the city on foot. Instead they were placed in trucks and under the surveillance of provincial and city police were quickly driven through side streets to the other end of the city and deposited on the road which leads to Brilliant and other Doukhobor centres.

Flight Delayed By Leak

Valley Stream, N.Y.—A helicopter plane on which $250,000 has been spent and which took four years to build, has been given its first public showing at Curtiss Field. Because of an oil leak no flight was attempted. The principle of the plane is that it can rise vertically and descend in the same way, thus requiring little more than the space it occupies for a landing field.

The new British aircraft carrier "Glorious" has developed 90,000 horsepower.

Will Pay Portion Of Freight Rates

Governmen To Assist In Shipments Of Lignite Coal

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion government will pay 50 cents per ton of the freight rates on all Saskatchewan lignite coal shipped into Manitoba during the next year, according to an order-in-council made public by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of Interior. Another order-in-council provided the payment by the government of one-eighth of a cent per ton on all shipments into Manitoba or coal mined in Alberta or in the Crow's Nest Pass district of British Columbia.

The special rates are put into effect from June 1, 1930, to May 31, 1931. They are to apply only to coal used for industrial purposes, but not when the coal is for use on railway locomotives or for domestic fuel.

The order-in-council respecting Alberta and British Columbia coal supersedes another order-in-council passed a week ago which provided assistance of one-fifth of a cent per ton per mile for coal from the Crow's Nest Pass area and the bituminous areas of Alberta. The new order extends the favored area to the whole province, and the amount of the rate is altered to one-eighth of a cent.

Officials of the Dominion Fuel Board explained that the 50 cents per ton to be paid by the government is expected to remove the advantage enjoyed by the Estevan coal fields at Moose in Saskatchewan in the way of freight rates. Coal from over the border could be carried to Winnipeg in bottom border capacity, it was stated, on account of the water route between Lake Erie and the head of the lakes.

In the same way the assistance being given to British Columbia and Alberta coal is expected to remove obstacles to its use in Manitoba.

Will Discuss Many Things At Conference

Subjects Of Interest To Empire Will Be Aired

London, Eng.—The British government proposes to place no limitations on the scope of discussion at the Imperial Economic Conference, but all subjects of interest to the Empire will be aired, declared Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, in the House of Commons.

The prime minister spoke of the Economic Conference which will next at the end of August as the Imperial Conference proper. At this side-meeting, he announced, "everything of importance will be open to the Dominions and to ourselves may be brought up."

The Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, secretary of state for the Dominions, has made it clear that the government desired discussion in the widest possible terms.

Plans May Be Changed

R-101 Likely To Make Trip To Canada Instead Of R-100

Ottawa, Ont.—Cables from London, England, intimating that the trip from Britain to Canada would be made by the dirigible R-101 instead of by the R-100 as was previously planned, has not been officially confirmed by the Department of National Defence which is in touch with Canadian end of the arrangement of the trip in hand. However, local air circles would not be surprised if the switch from one of the big ships to the other were made. Unofficial reports arriving here from England recently have rather favored the R-101.

Police Given "Free Rein"

Ordered By Mayor To Rid Chicago Of Gangsters

Chicago, Ill.—Mayor William Hale Thompson has given Acting Commissioner of Police, John H. Alcock, a "free rein" and ordered him to rid the city of gangsters.

Alcock announced: "That's all I needed—now I'll do the rest."

The acting commissioner said after a closed conference with the mayor that he had been instructed to "drive the city of gangsters to the penitentiary or the electric chair."

Exempt From Income Tax

London, England.—Consular employees and other official representatives of foreign governments in Great Britain will continue to be exempt from British income tax, according to a finance bill provision which passed the committee stage of the House of Commons recently.

Completes Inaugural Trip

Vancouver.—S.S. Prince George, of the Canadian National Steamships arrived here after completing the inaugural trip of the new ship on the route season. Captain Neil McLean was in command and reported a splendid trip.

BALDWIN WILL NOT CONFER WITH PRIME MINISTER

London, England.—It is understood that Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Conservative leader, has declined to accept the invitation of Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald to participate in a conference of the three party leaders on the emergency problem of unemployment.

Mr. Baldwin's reply was sent to the Prime Minister after consultation with his leading Conservatives.

These advisers, it is said, took the view that Conservative abstention from the conference would not prevent the Government from introducing to the House of Commons any measures they might evolve to meet the critical situation, but Conservatives pointed out that these measures, should they win the support of the Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George and his Liberal followers, Mr. Lloyd George having pledged co-operation in any "sound and effective" legislation, would be passed by the House.

The Conservatives feel the present Government is incapable of dealing with unemployment, and regard Mr. MacDonald's refusal to allow the opposition access to official data on the present condition of trade, industry and unemployment. With sufficient material to go upon, the Conservative chieftain submitted, the Opposition could organize any constructive action, as it would like to do, but must be merely a rubber-stamp for the Labor Government's plans.

Sir Austen Chamberlain opened the discussion when he invited Mr. Lloyd George for his recent "meeting" of Mr. MacDonald. "But the Prime Minister," Sir Austen added, "has been rather shy."

"The leader of the Liberal Party" Sir Austen exclaimed, "has shown a disposition to take the power of the government without a readiness to accept the responsibility, while the Prime Minister wants to share the responsibility and still retain the power."

The Conservative speaker charged the government was barren of a policy regarding unemployment and barren of a policy on Empire trade. Yet the Government, the latest example came from Canada — had shown that in cases where they could not fill their own needs, they would rather buy from Britain than from the outside world.

Opening Campaign In B.C. On July Fourth

Premier King Will Hold First Meeting At Revelstoke

Vancouver, B.C.—Senator J. H. King announced here that Prime Minister Mackenzie King will open his election campaign meetings in British Columbia on Friday, July 4, when he will speak at Revelstoke on his way from the Pacific coast. The prime minister will arrive in Vancouver on July 6, and proceed to Victoria where he will address the electors on Monday evening, July 7. On July 8 he will speak in Vancouver, and on Wednesday, July 9, in Kamloops.

Storms Damage French Crops

Cattle Killed By Lightning and Small Animals Drowned

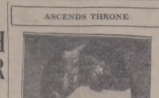
Paris, France.—Storms which have swept France have widely scattered parts of France severed highways and railroad communications, wrecked homes and damaged crops.

Lightning killed cattle, and flood waters drowned smaller animals in the Pyrenees and Auvergne regions and north of Paris. Crop damage is reported to be heavy.

Saskatchewan Highways

Saskatoon, Sask.—Before the snow flies again, the provincial highways department expects to have completed and in full use, gravel roadways from Lloydminster via Saskatoon to Yorkton, and from Moose Jaw, via the city, to Prince Albert National Park.

ASCENDS THRONE



Latest picture of Prince Carol of Roumania, who has ascended the throne of Roumania.

Lumber Shipments Delayed

Cars Of Canadian Lumber Are Held Up At Border On Account Of New Tariff

North Portal, Sask. — The new United States tariff now in effect, has resulted in a number of cars of Canadian lumber being held on the Canadian side of the border pending the receipt from Washington by United States customs brokers of more explicit information as to the application of the new tariff. Heretofore Canadian lumber of every description was admitted free, but under the new tariff countervailing duties will apply, the Canadian rate on finished lumber being 25 per cent. and rough lumber free. Difficulty arises from the voices merely stating so many thousand feet of "lumber," with no distinction as to whether finished or rough.

Reduction on autos to 10 per cent. from the previous countervailing rates of 20 and 27½ per cent. will have little local application, and will only affect used cars, as no new cars are imported from Canada. Increases on oats, corn, butter, eggs and shoes, are also immaterial, as these articles are not imported from Canada.

Hastening Plans For Trans-Atlantic Flight

C. Wynne-Eyton Making Preparation For Trip

London, Eng.—The Daily Mirror says that C. S. Wynn-Eyton, former squadron leader in the Royal Air Force, was secretly hastening plans for a trans-Atlantic flight from Ireland to the United States and hoped to start before Captain Charles Kingford-Smith.

Wynne-Eyton proposes to make a solo flight from Baldonnel airdrome, where Captain Kingford-Smith and his companions have been awaiting favorable weather for some time. His machine, which is almost a flying gasoline-tank, carries enough fuel for a 3,000-mile non-stop trip.

Chicago Gang Rule

Will Make Thorough Investigation Of Police Department

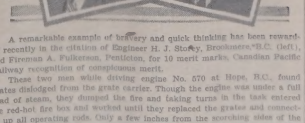
Chicago, Ill.—A thorough investigation of the Chicago police department and its failure to cope with the rule of gangsters was ordered by the city council at its first session since the assassination of Alfred "Jake" Lingle. Tribune reporter, nine days ago, to focus attention on crime.

Mayor William Hale Thompson announced that John H. Alcock, the "iron man" of the force, would remain at the helm of the police department indefinitely.

Succeeds Late Dean Rutherford

Saskatoon, Sask.—Professor A. M. Shaw, head of the Animal Husbandry Department at the University of Saskatchewan, has been appointed dean of the College of Agriculture in succession to Dean W. J. Rutherford, who died three weeks ago, it has been announced by Dr. W. C. Murray, president of the university.

Enter Red-Hot Fire Box



A remarkable example of bravery and quick thinking has been rewarded recently in the election of Engineer H. J. Bewley, Penticton, B.C. (left), and Fireman A. Fulkerson, Penticton, for 10 merit marks, Canadian Pacific Railway recognition of conspicuous merit.

These two men while driving engine No. 570 at Hope, B.C., found grates dislodged from the grate carrier. Though the engine was under a full head of steam, they dumped the fire and taking turns in the task entered the red-hot fire box and worked until they replaced the grates and connected up all operating rods. Only a few inches from the scalding steam, they found the heat intense and one man would replace the other after a minute's work. They brought their train to destination only a few minutes behind scheduled time, saving a serious delay.

Storm Creates Panic At Ascot Race Meet

Well Known Bookmaker Killed By Bolt Of Lightning

Ascot, Eng.—Panic swept through the throngs of Ascot race meeting when a sudden, terrific electrical storm broke over the enclosures and a bolt of lightning struck and killed Walter Holbein, well-known north of England bookmaker, in Tattersall's betting ring only a few yards away from the King and Queen and their royal guests.

Society women, caught in a rush for shelter when a deluge descended upon the throng, were thrown to the muddy ground and trampled under feet.

Hats were knocked off, parasols were lost and some of the women arrived at the stands without their slippers, which had been left behind, stuck in the mud or torn from their feet.

The King and Queen, accompanied by the Prince of Wales and escorted by many of their guests at Windsor Castle, arrived in motor cars and were in the royal box when the storm occurred.

Convention Date Changed

Canadian Good Ronds Association Meets In Quebec In September

Montreal, Quebec.—Dates of the annual convention of the Canadian Good Roads Association, to be held in Quebec, have been changed to September 16, 17 and 18. In announcing the change, George A. McNamee, secretary of the association, stated that the presence of Quebec's premier, Hon. J. E. Perrault, K.C., Minister of Highways, is anxious that the visiting delegates should see the picturesque province of Peninsula, a region glory of its fall coloring, by the new highway.

REACTION TO THE NEW TARIFF LAW PASSED BY U. S.

Ottawa, Ont.—The signing of the new Hawley-Smoot tariff bill by President Hoover, in Washington, automatically brings into effect some twelve chapters of the Canadian tariff as against United States. These are the items containing provisions for countervailing duties under the U.S. tariff law, which are practically the same as under the Fordney tariff.

The principle of the countervailing duties is that the Canadian tariff will be as high on the particular articles coming from another country as the rate that country levies against the same commodities coming from Canada. While the countervailing tariff in this country does not specify United States, the intendment of the same kind of goods between Canada and that country is much greater than between Canada and any other nation.

One of the most important changes with the bringing into effect of the Hawley-Smoot tariff and the consequent applications of the countervailing tariff by Canada, will be its effect on potatoes. Canada exported to the United States for the fiscal year ended March, 31 last, potatoes to the value of $1,000,000. The

High Altitude Flying Predicted

Stay Be Where Long Distance Air Lines Will Operate

In that mysterious region miles above the earth, known as the "stratosphere," where few daring explorers have ever penetrated, the air is so thin that a human being cannot live without artificial oxygen. Yet some authorities declare that the long-distance air lines of the future may be established there. Free from the resistance of air at ordinary levels, airplanes could speed across oceans and link continents at almost incredible velocity.

Recent proposals have been made to fly machines at such a height and speed. A young German engineer, H. G. Perl, announced not long ago his plans for a 22-foot, half-ton bullet plane which he propped to navigate at an altitude of seven or eight miles and at a speed of more than 650 miles an hour to cross the Atlantic in 6 hours. An Austro-German experimenter, Professor Herman Oberth, proposes a rocket ship many times faster.

Is there any scientific basis for such an idea?

Today it is possible to build an airplane that will fly 60,000 or 75,000 feet high, without recourse to rockets or any such highly experimental means, in the opinion of one prominent aeronautical engineer who has worked out the details of such a craft. Other experts have endorsed the high-altitude airplane as the most logical development in air travel. A great German airplane firm is said to be planning actually to build high-altitude planes with air - pressure cabins for passengers. And eventually vacuum and other tunnels may conceivably augment the range of high-flying planes.

The greatest altitude ever reached by a human being was attained when Captain Hawthorne Gray, of the Army Air Corps, soared in his balloon to a height of 42,470 feet. He died when he attempted to repeat the feat. Another pioneer into the imminent realm of the stratosphere, pilot, Willy Neumhofer, whose altitude flight of 41,795 feet last May was a new world's record for airplanes. From such flights as these, and from the records brought back by the free-flying "sounding balloons" of the United States Weather Bureau from heights up to 20 miles, it is known that the air above the earth is at least in two strong affair, and that the second level has different properties from the first.

The earth's inhabitants live in the bottom layer, or "troposphere," comprising the first six or seven miles of the atmosphere. Within this thin layer occur all the storms that sweep the earth and all of the turbulent winds that threaten aircraft.

With increasing height the air grows colder, until at six miles' altitude a pilot may be soaring through frigid temperatures of 60 or 70 degrees below zero. Then, if he pushes upward, an abrupt change occurs at about seven miles' altitude. It gets no colder; perhaps a little warmer.

Travel By Air

Progress That Is Now Being Made In Aviation

Increasing the speed of ordinary travel by air, as distinguished from racing speed, is one of the features of the progress in aviation that is now being made. An airman flies from Montreal to New York in two hours and eight minutes. The head of the Canadian Ford Company flies from Windsor to Winnipeg in one day, leaving the eastern city at 6.30 in the morning and arriving here late in the afternoon. A new 'plane of the makers of air at ordinary levels, airplanes could speed across oceans and link continents at almost incredible velocity.

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Creosoting Canadian Timber

New Method Of Treating Timber Effects a Great Saving

In treating timbers with creosote, to prolong their service life, the penetration of the creosote into the wood is inclined to be chiefly through the ends, requiring a most careful amount of this preservative to ensure proper penetration in the middle section of the timber than if it penetrated through the sides. To overcome this, the incising process was developed at the Forest Products Laboratories of Canada, Department of the Interior. This process of making incisions in the timber sets the penetration in the sides and reduces waterfall and penetration. Since its adoption by the two great railway systems of Canada by the reduction of the amount of creosote required per ta saving of over $1,000,000 has been effected.

Presented With Crocodile

A captive balloon that had been floating over the Rhine area in the district of 1,000 crocodiles, broke away in a heavy wind, being found later near Leipzig. The finder was given a money reward by the zoo administration and also presented with one of the crocodiles.

English Income Tax

If you wish to realize how well off you are in Canada, think of the fact that a married Englishman with no children and $5,000 a year salary pays $527 in income tax compared with $240 a Canadian similarly situated has to pay.

LONG DISTANCE AIR LINERS

"Ash the pilot to quieten down the motor a little. I can hardly hear the gramophone."—Muskete, Vienna.

W. N. U. 1843

Hand-Forged Silver Leads Machine-Made

Method Has Not Changed Greatly In 900 Years

The process of hand-forging silver has not changed since the time of Edward the Confessor, some 900 years ago, and to illustrate this the Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company recently had a window display in Regent Street, London, England. There the making of a silver spoon can be traced from the ingot to the finished article.

The smelter first gives the metal 71½ per thousand of copper with to make it pliable and then sends it to the silversmith, who cuts it into measured sections. Each workman making a spoon beats his piece of silver with his tongs over a forge and then shapes it with a hammer into a flat spoon. After this he "works" the silver cold.

The decoration of the handle is made with a die and hand press with a design already and then the bowl is shaped with a steel hand punch. The thickness of the silver must be pressed to the part of the bowl which will have the most wear and tear, and it is in this way that the greater durability of the handle and bowl is assured. The Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company stated that a 30-year-old machine-made spoon was recently returned to them for a new bowl; it was thin, and weak and bent. But a hand-forged one of the same year arrived with the message, as sound as on the day it was made.

After leaving the hand-press, the spoon is tested to find the correct amount of alloy and, if satisfactory, is hall marked." Finally it is polished with sand and then becomes a commercial article.

In fine work of this kind the machine still cannot compete with the craftsman's skill after many years' apprenticeship, can make an article which will last for centuries, while the machine-made article something that looks well for a number of years, but which will never become an heirloom.

People Like Stories

Never Grow Tired Of Hearing and Reading Stories

"Once upon a time . . ."

The world may get old and tired, cynical and ultra-sophisticated, but it will never lose its appetite for stories.

Stories enthrall us as children, divert us in the middle life, and solace us in old age. The world will never grow tired of hearing and reading stories.

Stories are not out of ourselves. They take us beyond our own immediate environment. They enlarge our horizon, broaden our understanding, and — perhaps — help us to remember that there are more things in heaven and earth than the dull daily routine of life.

In a large measure stories help us to live imaginatively, for a moment become the heroes and heroines of the story. We see them doing and saying the things we would like to do and say, if only we had the wit and the courage. We get "a quiet conceit" of ourselves when we read a story whose hero or heroine represents, in our opinion, something of that "better self" which is in every mortal until smothered by the driving force of stern necessity.

Yes: the world cannot live without stories. And that is why all the world loves a good story-teller.

Tuberculosis-Free Area

Bovine Tuberculosis Practically Eradicated In Saskatoon District

Less bovine tuberculosis has been found in Saskatoon district than in any similar area in the Dominion. Tests now being conducted by the Dominion veterinary branch with a view to establishing a tuberculosis-free area, show that less than one-half of one per cent. of the cattle in that area are infected with the disease.

Average for the Dominion, including Saskatoon district, bovine tuberculosis-free areas is said to be about 12 per cent. Dr. Arthur Wilson, Saskatoon City Medical Health Officer, said he had been given this figure on good authority.

Dr. C. J. Johannes, who is in charge of testing work, states that the figures for the Saskatoon district to date are for a total of 14,000 cattle actually tested. The number tested represents about one-half of the cattle in the seven rural municipalities surrounding Saskatoon and that the territories are included in the tuberculosis-free area.

The municipalities are: Cory, Loyalton, Aberdeen, Warman, Blucher and Dundurn.

Willing To Accommodate

Lady: Before I take you I must know if you're engaged.

Lena: Ma'am, do you mean if I have a fella?

Lady: Yes.

Lena: No, ma'am, I haven't, but I can soon get one, if you like it.

Hard On Motorists

"No person shall use any blasphemous or indecent language upon a highway" says Manitoba's new traffic act. When the gasoline gives out in Manitoba, all one can say under the circumstances is unfortunate that we are so far from a filling station."

Toll Of Swiss Alps

Fatal Accidents Average Over One Hundred Each Year

An official inquiry into the number and causes of fatal accidents in the Swiss Alps has established the fact that during a period of four years the total of deaths amounted to over four hundred. Unfortunate tourists, who had their lives on the mountains, account for rather more than half of this total; the remaining fatalities comprise various classes of agricultural and other highland workers, especially the Wildheuer or haymakers on the mountain slopes.

Venturesome youth, as might be expected, fails a ready prey to the yearly toll of the Alps; 24 per per cent. of the total number of fatalities are young people of under 20 years of age. There is also a big percentage of fatal accidents among persons of over 60 years of age. The most suitable age for mountaineering would appear to be between 30 and 45 years, a period when strength is not dimpired and agility not yet lost.

There is a curious regularity even in the number of the character of the fatal accidents. Avalanches cause, as a rule, between seven and nine deaths and landslips either one or two deaths every year. Scarcely a year passes without two or three persons slipping into a crevice and being killed on the spot; this number is rarely exceeded. Fatal falls average between 35 and 40 cases, with but little fluctuation from year to year. Mountain sickness alone claim an annual toll of 10 or 11 victims, while three or four persons are frozen to death every year. Mountain deaths by unexplained causes usually total two or three per year.

Hunting Sea Lions

Machine Guns and Rifles Used On Pacific Coast To Destroy Menace To Fishermen

Machine guns and rifles are again being brought to bear against the herds of sea lions which congregate in British Columbia waters and cause great yearly loss to salmon and other commercial fish.

For several years an oapedition has been equipped with firearms and sent against the sea lion hordes. Every year hundreds of the mammals are slaughtered on their various rookeries, but in spite of the losses suffered by the bodies there remains always a sufficient number left to cause wide-spread destruction to the salmon runs.

The fisheries patrol cruiser "Given-chy" carried the sea lion expedition this year. Each boat was equipped with a machine gun with a gunner in charge whose first experience was in the Dardanelles campaign. Another man, who the object of attack was German infantry.

Landings this year were made on the Virgin and Pearl Rocks, where last year a heavy toll was taken of the marauders.

Ravaged in both fish and gear by sea lions has constituted an important problem for the fisheries department of the past few years. Iron gear hundreds of dollars worth of damage in a couple of days.

Western Canning Factory

The Broder Canning Company, of Medicine Hat, is to plant 20 acres of tomatoes and 20 acres of peppers this season. The company expects to ship in from Taber and district a hundred cars of green beans, the average yield of which is ten tons to the acre, or about 50 carloads of canned goods from the whole bean acreage.

One Of the Suspects

Two old-fashioned ladies were discussing the modern generation.

"Yes," said one, "I don't know what the world is coming to — women are masquerading as men."

"Yes," chimed in the other, "and everybody is suspected, too. Why, only yesterday I got a letter addressed 'Dear Sir or Madam.'"

China, with its more than 400,000,000 people, is said not to contain even one lunatic asylum.

Where They Land the Big Fellows

Patience rewarded on the Chaplaine River in which three prize-winners in the continent-wide contest conducted by "Field and Stream" for the heaviest steelhead taken with a fly in Canada and the United States, have been caught. The fisherman is snapped taking one of the many fine-looking rainbow from which the stream abounds. The first fish back in the waters of the North Shore not more than ten miles from the Canadian Pacific railway station at Vancouver, British Columbia. Up to eight-pound steelhead have been taken in this river.

Heat Rays Cause High Skin Fevers

Susceptibility Of Iron Workers To Common Colds Is Being Investigated

Measurements showing that the heat rays emitted by molten iron running out of a blast furnace are a third more intense than the heat of the sun even outside the earth's atmospheres and that these heat rays to which furnace workers necessarily are exposed may raise their skin temperatures to 110 degrees or more, a point which physicians would consider a fatal fever did it exist throughout the whole body, have been made by Messrs. J. J. Bloomfield, James E. Ives and Rollo H. Britton of the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D.C.

It has been discovered by medical statisticians, these experts report, that persons working in the iron and steel industry or who are exposed otherwise to the intense heat rays given off by the molten metals or hot furnaces are more likely than the average to suffer from pneumonia or other diseases of throat or lungs.

According Mr. Bloomfield and his associates devised small electric thermometers which were placed next the skin of the workmen in the plant worker to take its temperature. On one worker in front of a coke oven, for example, it was found that the skin of the left chest had a temperature of 110.8 degrees. That of the right cheek of 106.2 degrees, that of the forehead of 103.8 degrees, that of the back of the neck of 103.5 degrees, and that of the chest, which was covered, of 102.4 degrees.

Better To Comply With Law

Motorists In Accident Must Give Name and Address If Asked For Same

For refusing to give his name to the other party following a motor car accident, a Windsor man has had to pay a $25 fine in Kingsville. The case should be a warning to motorists.

Do not forget that, if you figure in a collision with another car, the law demands that you give your name and address in writing, if the other party to the accident demands it. Failure to do so carries with it a penalty.

You have nothing to fear from this. If you were not in the wrong in the accident, giving full particulars as to your identity will usually only aid to clearing you from blame. Your refusal to supply the information will not only make it inconvenient for you, but it may also weigh heavily in the eyes of a court, should a suit ensue. Paying quite often will take this as an indication of guilt.

Do not forget also, that you have the right to demand the name and address of the man who tangles with you.

Oldest Cherry Tree

Japan Claims To Have Cherry Tree Eighteen Centuries Old

Who ever heard of a cherry tree 18 centuries old? That is the age claimed for the "jindai sakura," the oldest and biggest cherry tree in Japan. The tree is 60 feet in circumference and has a height of 90 feet. Its branches spread out for 90 feet from east to west, and 100 feet from north to south. The marvellous old tree, said to have been planted 1,800 years ago, is now in full bloom. The scent blossom and is one of the centres of interest in Kai province. It is known as "the cherry of the age of the gods."

Keen Sense Of Hearing

Fish have a sense of hearing, so keen that they can adapt themselves to sounds too low for the human ear, and are able to hear sounds a little below the highest notes of a piano or violin.

China's poor rice crop this season has compelled it to import four-fifths of its requirements.

Norway is working to have all the labor difficulties at any time settled by arbitration.

Malay Natives Prove Themselves Gentlemen

Show That Goodness and Ability To Speak English Are Not Inseparable

Amy Johnson, young English aviatrix, who completed a flight from London to Australia, confesses to one fright on the trip. This occurred on Timor, a small island in the Malay archipelago, where she landed at night and was immediately confronted with a lot of black men armed to the teeth from their hats armed with knives, swords and spears." She "quivered." Who wouldn't have? She now says that then there was no need even to quiver: "for they were good men who could not speak English and Jabbered to me for a long time and could not understand a word until I mentioned the pastor." Then one of them took her by the hand and led her for some half a mile through the night to the mission.

A savage island in the Malay archipelago is not the most likely and fittest landing place for young aviatrices. Cannibals and head-hunters are still at large in that part of the world. Miss Johnson was, according to the story books. Amy Johnson found the real thing. The natives, after they had overcome their first alarm, were quite competent to aid a woman in distress. They took her by the hand and led her to safety. They were good men. They couldn't speak English. Sometimes we forget that virtue and ability to speak English are not inseparable.

Sir H. Rider Haggard described the Zulus as gentlemen, as long ago they were at peace. When they took to killing and being killed their business; but between wars they were so much the gentlemen that no white man who was not himself a gentleman ever acquired any influence with them. A Zulu said to Timor one day: "A white heart as castly as in Africa. The natives of the island are a mixture of Papuas and Malays. They can't speak English. They probably have never heard of Emily Post or Lillian Eichler. They have their own etiquette. And Amy Johnson's experience with them a race of gentlemen, among whom it is perfectly safe for a young woman aviator to descend after dark. She isn't a pal test.—Detroit Free Press.

Courtesy In Business

Clerks Who Never Display Irritation Are Good "Advertisers"

Harold W. Donahue, retiring president of the Advertising Men's Club, of London, Ont., took occasion, at the annual meeting of that organization, to refer to the value of courtesy and attention on the part of the sales forces of some retail establishments. Many of these are often responsible for loss of business.

support of his contention he read a number of letters from customers who felt that they had been victims of incivility.

Most business houses recognize the importance of having their contacts with the public. It is often the case, however, that the clerk is not sufficiently courteous, balanced that he can maintain an even disposition if the customer fails to close a sale. The appearance of tyranny nevertheless is often noticed by customer who notices such a display is not likely to return to the store. It is notable that the courteous, cheerful clerk is an asset to the business and his worth is hard to estimate in dollars and cents. Much good will is built up by unfailing courtesy. People enjoy pleasantness on the part of those who serve them. They comment upon such attention among their associates and this is valuable advertising. No employee who has been seen afford to neglect the art of being agreeable while presenting his sales arguments.

The Welland Ship Canal

The Welland canal is one of the principal links in the great chain of navigation extending from the strait of Belle Isle up the St. Lawrence River and through the Great Lakes to Duluth at the western end of Lake Superior, a distance of 2,300 miles. The Welland Canal connects Lake Erie with Lake Ontario where difference in level is 326½ feet, and crosses the Niagara Peninsula about ten miles west of Niagara Falls.

Objects To Crime News

Four more English newspapers, all weeklies, have been banned by the Irish Free State under the censorship bill. They are: News of the World, owned by Lord Riddell; Empire News, Thompson's Weekly News and The People, all of which have substantial circulations in Ireland. The official reason is "because they devote an unduly large proportion of their space to the publication of matters dealing with crime."

Alberta Honey

The increasing importance of honey as one of the products of Alberta has induced the Provincial Department of Agriculture to reserve space at the 1930 Calgary Exhibition for a display of honey and honey products as well as of the equipment used in apiaries.

In 1874 a law was passed in France ordering the manufacturers of handkerchiefs to make them square.

Cats are subject to comparatively few diseases, and fewer still of these are of a contagious nature.

Modern Footwear Condemned

Doctors Say Present Day Lasts Should Be Scrapped

Condemnation of modern footwear by medical men was reported by Mr. John Hoyle, the general secretary, at the conference of the Federation of Boot Trades Associations at Hastings, England. He said that more than 200 medical men had replied to a questionnaire sent out by the Association. From the replies the following points emerged: Present day lasts should be scrapped. Ultra high heels should go.

The perfect boot or shoe is one which has a good quality leather sole of fair thickness and leather upper, and is made so that it allows of a proper support for the arch of the foot while permitting free movement of the toes.

Such a shoe would be responsible for lessening the ill effects upon national health, of rheumatism, chest troubles, heart disease, common colds, foot deformities, fallen arches, and flat feet.

One doctor said the habit among women of wearing high heels led to more foot trouble than all other causes combined. Another said it was very difficult to convince women and girls that thicker leather soles and suitably shaped boots and shoes were desirable, and even if they were convinced it was impossible to make such convictions subordinate to the fashionable consideration of elegance and fashion.

Mental Effort Demands Calories

Oyster Cracker Or Half a Peanut Sufficient For Functioning Human Brain For One Hour

Those who are proud of their brain power may be interested to learn that scientific evidence indicates that the human brain can function for one hour on the energy contained in an oyster cracker.-If an oyster cracker is not handy, half of one salted peanut will suffice, it is said.

"The popular tradition that fish is a brain food has given way to the idea that mental effort demands calories," Dr. Frederick G. Banting, director of the nutrition laboratory of the Carnegie Institution, told the National Academy of Science at a recent meeting.

"It is the experience of nearly everyone that intense, sustained mental effort results in a feeling of profound fatigue, not only in mind but likewise in the entire body," he said. "Mental fatigue is the result of instinctively fresh air, to open a window and to stretch the limbs after a period of mental work is pronounced. When one considers the amount of extreme, almost over-powering fatigue in both mind and body following a sustained mental effort, it is surprising that there is such an insignificant effect upon the general metabolism or level of vital activity."

World's Only Eskimo Dentist

"Siberian Mike" Who Carried On Itinerant Practice In Arctic Is Dead

The only Eskimo dentist in the world is dead. "Siberian Mike," who had attended no college, but who was celebrated throughout the far north for pulling molars, died recently in the Alaskan town of Nome. Nome, opposite King William Land, according to word received at Ottawa.

In 1929 the Royal Canadian Mounted sent a dentist to Herschel Island to look after the toothaches of its employees there. Mike was employed as a dental mechanic. When the dentist left for civilization, the Eskimo succeeded to much of the dental equipment. Since that time he has carried on an itinerant practice in the Arctic. Mike spoke several languages, including Russian and English.

Committee Punch Bowl

A small inkstet at the summit of Athabasca Pass is shown as "The Committee Punch Bowl" on sheet 27 of the map of the boundary between Alberta and British Columbia, issued by the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior. This pass was extensively used in the early furtrade days and this name was given over 100 years ago to commemorate this fact.

Workers Get Hot Dinner

Workers in the open are served hot dinners near their work in a plan started recently by a women's society in Czechoslovakia. They use for their orders with the society and when the noon whistle blows find the meals ready in a motor kitchen nearby. Each motor kitchen can supply 500 hot dinners and light refreshments in one hour. The dinner costs 12 cents.

Hostess (to waiter): "There's a piece of beef left. Let the little boy serve it— then the portion will look bigger."—Lustige Kolner Zeitung, Cologne.

Keep yourself well-regulated

A dash of ENO in a glass of water every morning or night avoids the evils of constipation.

Entirely safe and natural in its gentle but effective action, ENO'S "Fruit Salt" can be taken regularly without forming a harmful habit.

10

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

SILVER RIBBONS

— BY —

CHRISTINE WHITING PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.

"You on a vacation?" questioned Grandma with a smile.

"Not so's you'd notice it," replied Jim, taking what Grandma called "the visitor's chair," and throwing his hat onto the table. "I've been to Eastboro on business, and as George K. Doesn't expect me back till after lunch, I thought I'd pass the time of day with you. How's everything?"

"You mean Charmian?" queried Grandma astutely.

"You've made a first rate detective, Grandma," was Jim's retort; and the old lady laughed.

"Well," she responded, "the last I saw of 'everything' she was on her way to school. The doctor offered to take her in his car, but she said she wanted to walk so I suspicioned she had something on her mind."

"What?" asked Jim, and added with caution, "Something to do with school?"

"My idea was," answered the old lady, "that it was something to do with you, Jim."

"Me!"

"Yes." said Grandma. "Maybe I'm all wrong, sonny, but I thought she was feeling sort of hurt that you'd never told her, when you were riding yesterday, that you and your mother were going to California to live."

"I meant to," explained Jim, "but my mind got taken up with other things. Then, too, I didn't know that Uncle George was going to blab so soon. Not that I care, because Mother's going to tell Lizzie Baker this morning and ask her to do some sewing for her before we start. Besides, I knew it didn't make much difference to Charmian whether I was in California or Timbuctoo."

"I donno why you should say that, Jimmy. You haven't got a better friend in town than my girl is—unless it's me."

Jim's young eyes looked suddenly weary, and his mouth grim.

"It's something more than friendship that I want from Charmian, Grandma. No use pretending, is it—to you anyway? And it's pretty hard that she's giving the thing I want to some one else. Why should she care whether I go West or not?"

Grandma looked out of the window for a moment, but seeing nothing to comment upon, turned back to Jim.

"I presume you mean she's falling in love with Doctor Carter?"

Jim nodded.

"I donno as I like you saying that, Jim," said the old lady. "Suppose now, he didn't fall in love with her."

"Great grief! how could he help it —living right here in the same house with her this way?"

"He knows a sight o' girls back in the city," said Grandma wisely. "There's pictures of two of 'em on his bureau, and another in his watch. I saw it the day my clock stopped and I asked him to set it for me. Maybe he isn't in love with Charmian at all."

"He is," asserted Jim. "D'you ever watch 'em walk down the street together? He goes sort of sideways, Grandma, so he can look at her all the time."

Grandma reached out to lay a tender hand on Jim's strong, tanned fist.

"I think you've got a chance, sonny," she said.

"I'd like to agree with you," he responded, "but I don't. He's got something I haven't got, and I'm not so dumb that I don't see it. Perhaps if I'd gone to college—rubbed off some of the Wickfield—er—provincialism" (even in this bitter moment the eyes that met Grandma's showed a glint of humor), "I could have acquired it, even if I was born in the little-one-horse burg. But it's too late now. I see where I get off; but —there's something I'd like Charmian to understand, and, somehow, I can't make myself tell her. Every time I begin, the words stick in my throat. That's why I stopped in this morning when I knew she wouldn't be here. I thought if I told you, Grandma, maybe you'd speak to her after I got away. It's about—Mother."

"Yes?" urged the old lady as he paused.

"It's this way," Jim continued. "A good many times Charmian, and other people, too, have sort of implied that I don't dare breathe without first asking my mother if it's agreeable to her. You get me?"

Grandma nodded.

"And they're right, to a certain extent," he confessed honestly. "But it's not easy, Grandma, always thinking of some one else before yourself, even if she's your own mother. There've been times—"

He hesitated again, and Grandma said: "I know sonny. I understand. You've been a splendid son, Jim, but —"

"I know what you're going to say," he interrupted. "And it's no use, even even if I have got my own life to live. You see, Grandma, I was only a kid when my father died, but he asked me then—when he was going—to always look after Mother and be good to her. Somehow—I've never been able to forget."

"Well," breathed Grandma. It was an exclamation of surprise. She sank back a little in her chair, regarding the young man's sober face with startled understanding. Then she said: "And you promised, Jim?"

Jim nodded, and went on: "I've thought, since I'm old enough to think it out, that perhaps he didn't mean me to take it so—so literally. Or he may not have realized how Mother depends on me. Anyhow, I've made available to the Canadian people in translations done by Mrs. R. M. Anderson, M.A., Ottawa, and issued by the North West Territories branch of the Department of the Interior, as an appendix to a recent publication, "The Baffin Island."

Hantzsch was the first white man to cross Baffin Land from east to west. He crossed three times, from 1910.[5] His supplies were lost in a shipwreck in Cumberland Sound in the summer of 1909, but with a few pounds he managed to live in spite of cold hardships, in making his way across almost ganseless country. He suffered successively sickness and starvation, and was buried by his aboriginal companions near Hantzsch River, on the west coast of Baffin Island.

The German explorer's diaries were preserved by the Eskimos and by Tom Manning, geologist at Hazlead Island, who sent them to relatives of the deceased traveller, in Germany. The scientific results of the journeys were compiled and published in Germany during the war. They remained unknown on this continent until made available to government circles in 1926 by Mrs. Anderson's translations.

Among the outstanding discoveries of Hantzsch was one which established that Foxe Basin penetrated deeper inland than was formerly thought. That has since been confirmed by the Canadian explorers, Burwash and Dewey Soper.

Sure She Knew

A little girl from the city had been visiting in the country, and was being questioned as to what kind of a time she had. Finally some one said, I bet you don't even know how to milk a cow.

"Bet I do," she said.

On being pressed for particulars as to how it was done she replied. "You take the cow to the barn and give her a handful of food and water and then you drain her crankcase."

His Eye For Detail

Recent biographies of Queen Mary have failed to mention one of her most striking characteristics. She has the unusual gift of what is called the "photographic eye." She never forgets the arrangement of a room, and after a lapse of years will remember that the position of some article of furniture has been changed or that something has been removed.

Canada's cultivated lands multiplied tenfold between 1900 and 1926

New Jewels Are Cheap

Imitation Gems Made Of Casein Extracted From Milk

There seems absolutely no end, nowadays, to the wonders which science has in store, and chemistry, that most fascinating child of hers, is always surprising us with new, and astonishing marvels. Milk from cow, for instance, can be transformed with the help of a knowledge of chemistry into a remarkable substance used in the making of a great number of things. This is because all milk contains "casein," which, when extracted from the milk, is so very useful.

The separated casein can be dried and made solid. Before being so treated, moreover, it can, of course, be saturated with a coloring matter of any shade desired. Casein is dried by being subjected to chemical treatment, and quickly hardens into a solid substance which can be cut, worked, and shaped like wood by a lathe.

When in this state casein can be, and is, employed for many things such as curtain-rings, knitting-needles, hair-pins, buttons, beads, bangles, lamp-shades, and so on. Such things are just as attractive looking as those made of bone, and articles made of celluloid, and are safer. But casein, thanks to chemistry's latest discoveries, can now be rendered almost transparent.

As already mentioned, casein will take any coloring desired, and when it is made as transparent as possible, cut, polished, and set, it is difficult, without very close inspection, to tell it from real jewels, for they might be called, from the commoner sorts of precious stones. In fact, casein is almost universally employed today in the manufacture of imitation jewellery. For, of course, it is cheap; anyway, infinitely cheaper than the real jewels it copies. Those who are in the habit of wearing cheap jewellery are happily unconscious of the fact that in the purability they are merely decking themselves with milk which once came from a cow.

Irish Free Sate Has Low Marriage Record

Proportion Of Unmarried People Greater Than Any Other Country

The proportion of unmarried people in the Irish Free State is greater at all ages than that of any other country. This fact is revealed by the last Irish Free State census report just issued. It is also shown that there is a marked tendency for marriages to take place comparatively late in life. Eighty per cent. of persons between the ages of 25 and 30 years are unmarried. The next highest known percentage of single persons is 32, in Sweden (64). The corresponding figure for England and Wales is 62, and that of the United States 35 per cent.

Definition Of Success

Not What Majority Of People Think It Is

He has achieved success who has lived well, laughed often, and loved much; who has gained the respect of intelligent men and the love of little children; who has filled his niche and accomplished his task, whether by an improved poppy, a perfect poem, or a rescued soul; who has never lacked appreciation of earth's behuty or failed to express it; who has always looked for the best in others and given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration and whose memory a benediction.

Canada's Forest Resorts

Evidence of the popularity of the summer resorts in the national forests maintained by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, was afforded by the fact that eight hundred and one visitors signed on one occasion during the summer of 1929 at a band concert at Kamsack Beach on the Duck Mountain National Forest, Manitoba.

She (somewhat foggy on musical matters)—"Is Bach composing much now?"

He—"No, madam, he's decomposing."

The eastern two-thirds of New Guinea, the largest island in the world, is largely unexplored.

The word "villain" originally meant "villager."

Choose Enameled Ware!
Be sure the Utensils you select have the shield-shaped SMP label of quality.

May Replace House Names With Numbers

London Suburbanites Do Not Take Kindly To Idea

A shiver of apprehension is going down the spinal columns of residents in many classy little suburban areas. The registrar-general, in making preparations for the general census, to be held next year, is appealing to local authorities to have all houses "adequately numbered."

Therefore it is that a great disquiet has settled upon the owner-occupier of the "bijou residence," the "charming villa," and the "elegant bungalow."

Are all those dinky boards with legend as "The Oaks" "The Elms," "Mon Repos," "Clovelly," "Ches Nous," "Fair View" and so forth to be scrapped and their places filled by a bald figure or letter or by any rate a vulgar numeral? The registrar-general suggests postmen are apt to lose history, or at least their due competence at delivery among all those Arcadian descriptive efforts.

It is to be feared the register will have his way, assuming that the local authorities are of his way of thinking, too, for he possesses powers to compel "The Limes" to bear an unimpressive 36, and for "The Nook" to suffer the indignity of being labelled plain 97.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHICKEN TIMBALES

2 tablespoons butter.
¼ cup stale bread crumbs.
⅔ cup milk.
1 cup chopped cooked chicken.
½ tablespoon chopped parsley.
2 eggs.
Salt and pepper.

Melt butter, add bread crumbs, and milk, and cook in double boiler five minutes, stirring constantly. Add chicken, parsley, and eggs slightly beaten. Season with salt and pepper. Turn into buttered individual molds, having molds two-thirds full, set in pan of hot water, cover with buttered paper, and bake twenty minutes. Serve with cream sauce.

ORANGE SYRUP SAUCE

1 cup orange juice.
1 teaspoon grated orange rind.
½ cup sugar.
Juice 1 lemon.
Grated rind ½ lemon.

Put ingredients into saucepan, and boil fifteen minutes. Skim, strain and pour into sterilized glasses. Use as a sauce on vanilla ice cream or on baked rice pudding. If desired to have sealed in sterilized glasses, will keep well, and will be found convenient to have on hand for emergency in the summer.

How She Saw It

...An Irish girl was ingported from the Emerald Isle to take situation as servant for a middle-class household. Her mistress suggested to her the propriety of sending a post card to her relatives with news of her safe arrival and assurance of her welfare. The girl did so, and added the following brief impromptu of her sentiment: "I came here in a cab without a horse; they play the piano with their feet, and they shout at people in the hall that aren't there!"

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is an excellent medicine to destroy worms.

The Squared Circle

Ace High: Would you loan me a dollar, Charley?

Four High: Surely!

A. H.: Thanks. Just give me fifty cents.

F. F.: Here it is old man.

A. H.: Now, you still owe me fifty, don't you?

F. F.: Sho! Sho!

A. H.: And I owe you fifty.

F. F.: Check!

A. H.: That makes us even. Many thanks.

Everything Special

A special carpet in two shades of pink was woven for the June wedding of Miss Gasquet, heiress of the Woolworth millions. A gardener grew roses of the same shade as her dress, and a designer specially studied Miss Gasquet, in order to "absorb her personality," before designing her wedding dress.

Minard's for Insect Bites.

Graves Of Heroes Moved

Work Has Been Completed By British War Graves Commission

Removal of the graves of 450 British and Dominion soldiers from the cemetery at Floegsteert, Belgium, to a spot about half a mile away, has been completed and the long dispute over the matter has been settled, according to an announcement of the British War Graves Commission. During the World War, the cemetery was constructed beside the ruins of Chateau Rosenberg, which had been destroyed only a short time before. After the war, the owner of the chateau, a Frenchman living in Belgium, announced that he desired to rebuild the chateau and that the graves would be too close to the reconstructed building. After several years of negotiations, the offer of the owner to donate land for the new cemetery was accepted and the bodies were removed.

BACKWARD BABIES

Thrive After Use Of Baby's Own Tablets

Derangements of the digestive organs are responsible for most of the ailments which afflict young children and keep them backward in development. Baby's Own Tablets regulate the stomach and bowels restoring them to normal action and this is all that is necessary to put the little sufferer safely on the road to health and happiness.

Baby's Own Tablets are specially designed to correct indigestion, constipation, colic, break up colds and simple fevers and to allay teething troubles. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

An Extraordinary Experience

Wife Of English Peer Talked To Him From Mid-Atlantic

An extraordinary experience befell Lord Brecknock at the Aldwych Theatre, London, England. He was sitting coolly in the stalls with a small party, when a theatre attendant approached him and said "Mid-Atlantic wants you." Scarcely understanding what it was all about, he suffered himself to be led to the telephone and spoke to Lady Brecknock, who had called him from the "Majestic" with as much ease and lack of trouble as if he was making a local call. It is a proof of the efficiency of the telephone service that he was located at the theatre in question within four minutes of the call having been put in at his house in London.

Wise and experienced mothers know when their children are troubled with worms and lose no time in applying Miller's Worm Powders, a most effective vermifuge. It is absolutely safe in clearing the system of worms and restoring those healthy conditions of mind without which there is no comfort for the child, or hope of robust health. It is a most trustworthy worm exterminator.

Girl Chooses Novel Engagement Gift

Every Blind Person In Her Home County Will Receive Raffle Set

A man who recently became engaged to a Gloucestershire girl asked her to choose something as an engagement gift. The result of her choice is that every blind person in the county who is without a wireless set will be given one. The total cost will amount to about £60,000. The gift includes the cost of maintaining the sets. The donor does not desire the identity of his fiancee or himself to be revealed.

Minard's for Falling Hair.

Missionary's Fish Story

Rev. David C. Graham, missionary at Soochow, China, recently caught the largest minnow ever captured. It measured 38 inches long and checked the scales with common minnows elsewhere, with the exception of its size. It is to be preserved in alcohol at the National Museum in Washington, D.C.

Leads In Export

"Canada exports more manufactured goods per head of population than any other country in the world," says the Farmer's Sun. "The figures are: Canada, $64.80; Great Britain, $55.80; Germany, $32.68; France, $30.58; and the United States $25.13."

It is now possible to photograph a bullet as it leaves the barrel of a pistol.

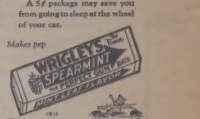
WRIGLEY'S

Alertness scores everywhere.

Wrigley's creates pep and energy and keeps you alert.

A 5¢ package may save you from going to sleep at the wheel of your car.

Makes pep



Little Helps For This Week

"Thou shalt give unto the Lord thy God according as the Lord thy God hath blessed thee."—Deut. xvi. 16.

For the best that thou canst be Is the service asked of thee.

The Almighty, in His providence, does not ask of us uniform rents for our rights and lives; as earthly landlords sometimes do. He only asks for the rightful use of the talent entrusted to us. The lands of heaven are never per capita, but always pro rata. Not the form observance of each and all alike, but every heart's desire, every hand's readiest service. Not the number of acres you till, but the quality of your tilling determines the profit of the harvest in spiritual as well as material farming. This standard exacts no promises, but it accepts no apologies; for there is no occasion for apology when you have done all you can.—Jenkin Lloyd Jones.

Mosquitoes Prefer Blondes

Although the Brunette Is Not Entirely Overlooked By This Pest

Mosquitoes prefer blondes and will pass up a brunette nine times out of ten when there is a blonde in sight.

This was the assertion of Herman Hornbg, city entomologist and an authority on mosquitoes and their habits.

"Mosquitoes and flies are sensitive to light," explained Mr. Horning. "They are easily attracted to light-haired folks, both men and women, and seem to prefer fair people to dark.

"Another noticeable thing is that in fields where mosquitoes buzz around corn or tomatoes it will be found that light-colored animals are the greater sufferers."

Mr. Horning made it clear, however, that the brunette was not entirely overlooked by the mosquito.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Fruit On Prairies

Plum Trees and Apple Trees Flourishing At Brooks, Alberta

Hundreds of plum trees and apple trees in private gardens and in those of the employees of the Railway at Brooks, Alta., are in bloom, and represent one of the sights of the neighborhood. Ten years ago a thousand of these were planted and planted, and they gave a good account of themselves from the start. Their growth in the last few years, however, as seen in blossom time, has been almost spectacular.

All Branches Represented

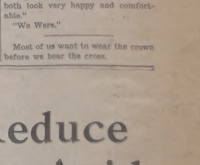
All branches of organized activity in the Province of Manitoba were represented at a meeting held in Winnipeg, when plans for Manitoba's diamond jubilee celebration on July 15th were launched. The celebration will commemorate the 60th anniversary of the province's entry into confederation.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is a quick, certain remedy for Hoof, Rot, Thrush, Foot Evil. Five Applications are usually enough.

"I just dropped in to see you. You both look very happy and comfortable."

"We Were."

Most of us want to wear the crown before we bear the cross.



Reduce the Acid

Sick stomachs, sour stomachs and indigestion usually mean excess acid. The stomach nerves are over-stimulated. Too much acid makes the stomach and intestines sour.

Alkali kills acid instantly. The best form is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia, because one harmless, tasteless dose neutralizes many times its volume in acid. Since its invention, 50 years ago, it has remained the standard with physicians everywhere.

Take a spoonful in water and your unhappy condition will promptly end in five minutes. Then you will always know what to do. Crude and harmful methods will never appeal to you. Or prove this for your own sake. It may save a great many disagreeable hours.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Much bottle contains full directions—any druggists.

Corns INSTANT relief! PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

The Proof is the Eating

Many a batch of bread has been spoiled by the flour not turning out just right.

Opportune Flour
Is Always Reliable

It is manufactured from wheat grown in your own district, and ground in your own town. Why pay more? Buy from us and you support home industry.

Custom Milling
BRAN and SHORTS
FOR SALE

McKAY & GATES
PROPRIETORS

The City Cafe

A Good Place to Eat
Open Day and Night

FIRST-CLASS MEALS
COURTEOUS SERVICE
CLEAN LINESS
Tobacco, Cigarettes
Soft Drinks
Chocolates, Candies
New Frigidaire
Ice Cream
WONG HONG FOO
FRANK WONG

R. A. Stewart
HAIL INSURANCE — Good Strong Companies
FIRE — Automobile and Accident Ins.
Marriage Licenses
Commissioner for Oaths
Registrar Births, Marriages, Deaths.
TOWN HALL. - DELIA, Alta.

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

THOS. F. RIEGER
MERCHANT TAILOR
Suits and Overcoats made to order
Cleaning, Pressing, and Repairing
We are agents for Empire Cleaning and Dyeing Co.
"Semi-ready" Made-to measure Clothes

S. P. BROWN
WELL DRILLER
(Drilling in Delia district this year)
EAST COULEE, ALTA

Job Printing Neatly and Quickly Executed at the Delia Times Office. Honesty and Service is our motto.

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA
Rev. Geo. A. Steele, B.A., Pastor
Manse: 3rd Ave. Phone 17

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School	11.00 a.m.
Service of Worship	7.30 p.m.
Verdant Valley	12.00 noon
Hand Hills	3.30 p.m.
June 15 and 29	
Sentinel Hill	3.30 p.m.
June 22nd	

THE BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. Dr. M. Wheen, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School	11 a.m.
Morning Service	12 p.m.
Cottar School	3 p.m.
Evening Service	7.30 p.m.
TUESDAYS	
Senior B.Y.P.U.	7.30 p.m.
WEDNESDAYS	
Junior B.Y.P.U.	7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting	8.30 p.m.

Subjects—
Morning—"Noble."
Evening—Jesus Christ the Saviour.
The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Local Grain Prices.

Wednesday, June 25, 1930.

Wheat—

No. 1 Northern	.72
No. 2 Northern	.69
No. 3 Northern	.64
No. 4 Northern	.54
No. 5	.36
No. 6	.45
Feed	.30

Oats—

No. 2 C.W.	.31
No. 3 C.W.	.28
No. 4 C.W.	.26
No. 5 C.W.	.20
Feed	.16

Barley—

No. 3 C.W.	.19
Rejected	.15
No. 1 Feed	.15

NEW POOL PRICES
Wheat effective June, 25th, 1930

No. 1 Wheat	.70
No. 2 "	.69
No. 3 "	.66
No. 4 "	.56
No. 5 "	.36
No. 6 "	.35
Feed "	.30

For Sale

Ground Feed
Bran and Shorts
Oil-cake Meal
Oyster Shell
Corn Charcoal

Delia Flour, Feed & Water Supply
Phone **41**

The New Series
Pontiac Big Six
A famous name, a finer car

Gas, Oils, Grease, Dunlop Tires, Accessories Battery Recharging

LLOYD SMART
North Side Garage DELIA, Alta.

Under the Auspices of Sentinel Hill W.I.

A Dance and Strawberry Festival
WILL BE HELD AT
Sentinel Hill School
—ON—
Wednes., July 2nd
Big Ball Games
Horseshoe Tournament
ADMISSION TO DANCE:—Gents, **75c**
Ladies Free
Good Music by Limpert's Orchestra

Willow Creek Coal
FOR WILLOW CREEK COAL
Phone 1909

W. C. King
AUCTIONEER and VALUER
Phone 42, Delia

FOR SALE
Registered Shorthorn Bull, two years old; extra good animal. Apply
H. L. RIDD, Craigmyle,
25p Phone 1117

WANTED
To rent a tent, for two weeks early in July, one with floor preferred.
S. C. CRAWSHAW,
26tf At Farmers' Store.

VILLAGE OF DELIA

Applications will be received at the Town Hall until the 15th day of July, for the office of Secretary-Treasurer of the Village of Delia. Duties to commence on the first day of August, 1930.
R. A. STEWART,
25-26b Secretary-Treasurer.

VILLAGE OF DELIA

Tenders will be received by the Village of Delia up to and including 30th of June next, for the supply of 50 yds. or more of burnt brick (a total of 250 yds. to be supplied). The persons receiving the contract to haul, must supply the burnt brick.
Tenders to close June 30th.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
R. A. STEWART,
25-26b Secretary-Treasurer.

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
Jos. McMillan, ... Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum, payable in advance.
Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or for Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion, prepaid; if charged 25c extra will be added.
Municipal, Legal and Bender Advertisements 10c per line first insertion, 5c per line each subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising and Local advertising as required.
Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1930.

TOURIST TRAFFIC ON THE INCREASE

Tourists coming to Canada last year left almost $300,000,000 of their wealth in the Dominion, and showed that Canadian scenery can produce a revenue which ranks only below agriculture and manufacturing in importance.

Figures just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics are to the effect that $299,188,000 were spent by visitors to the Dominion in 1929, as compared with $253,734,000 in 1920, when the first check on the value of the annual tourist trade was kept.

This increase is one of approximately 650 per cent over a ten year term, and is far larger than any equally important Canadian industry can show over the same period of time.

More than two-thirds of the amount was spent by motor car tourists from the United States who last year drove 4,608,809 cars across the international border, as compared with 2,645,455 in the year preceding. They left $208,744,000 as a result of their visits to the Dominion, which sum is more than $25,000,000 larger than in the preceding twelve months.

Canadians, too, spend money abroad in making holiday trips, and in the past year are estimated to have taken Canadian money to the value of $141,301,000 out of the Dominion This sum is some $10,500,000 more than they spent in 1928. But while this sum in large it leaves a favorable balance of trade for the Dominion which comes close to $189,000,000 for the past year.

Quebec and Ontario profited most by the automobile tourist trade, according to the figures for 1929 which are shown with those of the preceding year following: Maratime provinces, $7,953,000—$6,959,000 ; Quebec, $50,759,000 — $46,077,000; Ontario, $125,780,000— $108,200,000; Manitoba, $2,717,000 — $2,586,000; Saskatchewan, $1,000,000—$1,099,000; Alberta, $1,256,000— $811,000; British Columbia, $19,189,000—$17,844,100.

Local and District

BIRTH

SCOTT—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scott, at Craigmyle Hospital, on June 8th, a daughter (Ruth).

Last Saturday, June 21st, was the longest day of the year.

* * *

Delia Agricultural Fair will be held on Friday, August 1st. Make your entries early.

* * *

Dominion Chautauquas are now dated to appear here July 18th to 24th, inclusive.

* * *

Mrs. Spencer Chambers, south of town, was called east owing to the serious illness of her mother.

* * *

The total rainfall from Thursday night last until Saturday morning was 1.30 inches.

* * *

Gale Schiefla left on Friday night for Grand Rapids, Michigan, to visit his mother, Mrs. Fred Schiefla.

* * *

W. Hadden, of the Bank of Commerce staff, has been transferred to Calgary.

* * *

P. Batson, who had been in the east on business for some time, arrived home the beginning of this week.

* * *

Mrs. Murdoch (Calgary), and her aunt, Mrs. Prouty (Nebraska) were the guests of Mr. and Mrs Chas Greer over the week-end.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Marchant motored to Banff several days ago on a vacation, and are expected home the beginning of next week.

* * *

There will be a general meeting of the Canadian Legion at the Springwater School on June 29th, at 3 p.m.

* * *

We are glad to report that Mrs. John Dixon, of Rainbow, who has been ill for some time, is now convalescing and is visiting her daughter, Mrs. McConnell.

* * *

A. V. McLean, manager of the local branch Canadian Bank of Commerce, and Mrs. McLean, left Wednesday by auto for Vancouver, on their vacation.

* * *

Mrs. Geo. Sproat had the misfortune to fall of the step in front of her house last week. Although confined to bed for some time she is improving.

* * *

Owing to the uncertain year the Cemetery Committee have decided not to have their garden party this year. If any friends feel they can give a donation the committee would be very grateful.—Advt.

* * *

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs J E Hunter, south of town, was operated on by Craigmyle Hospital last Saturday for an infection behind the ear Since the operation the child has been a patient at the hospital, and is reported to be progressing satisfactorily, under the care of Dr. Hicks

The Abramenko Bros. and nephew, of Rowley, who made a trip to the Peace River, returned recently. They filed on homesteads to the north-east, which they claim is the best district of any.

* * *

Delia ball team played Byemoor, Endiang, and Hand Hills clubs last week, winning all the games. They will play Munson here tomorrow, at 6 p.m., and will go to Rowley on July 1st.

* * *

The Mission Band are giving a program in the United Church on Friday evening of this week The program is of real merit, and will be of interest to both adults and young people. Come yourself and bring others

* * *

A large moose head, with a fine spread of horns, can now be seen hanging up in the rotunda of the Queen's Hotel. Mr. Walker obtained this while hunting last winter He also has had the head of the deer treated by the taxidermist he shot the previous season, and together they are the admiration of everyone.

* * *

The Solloway-Mills case, stock brokers, came to a conclusion before Mr. Justice Ives on Monday afternoon. The accused were given jail terms, and fines, which when summarized, totalled approximately $40,000. An appeal was entered before the supreme court of Alberta, and each of the convicted brokers is out on bail of $100,000.

* * *

The Hillandale Girls' and Boys' Camps for the Drumheller Valley will be in operation again this summer. The camp ground is located eight miles north-west of Drumheller on the Red Deer River. The girls' camp will be open July 9-16, and the boys' July 16-23. Application forms for the boys' camp may be secured from Rev. Geo. A. Steele.

* * *

At the Annual and Nominating Convention of the Acadia U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association, held at Hanna on June 23rd, Robt. Gardiner, M.P., was again unanimously elected as a candidate to represent that in the coming Federal election. 121 delegates, and nine officials, representing 62 U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. locals, also a large number of visitors, were present at the meeting.

A special U.F.A. meeting was held in the Rest Room on Tuesday, June 17, when the following delegates were elected to attend the annual and nominating convention of the Acadia federal constituency association to be held in Hanna, June 23: Wm. Hudgeon, D. Elliot, Wm Sutherland, L. Dunfield and F. C. Mittlestead. The U.F.W.A. also appointed the following delegates: Mrs. A. J. McNally, Mrs. Wm. Carter, Mrs. Alex. Morrison and Mrs. L. Dunfield.

* * *

During the past few days we have been experiencing fair weather with bright, warm sunshine in this district. The raine during the latter part of last week have done much to relieve the serious condition caused by continued dry weather and high winds. Crops are said to be 20 per cent. below par at present, although it is reported some fields will run about 25 bushels, it is estimated this year's crop will average about 10 bushels to the acre. Since grilling the above there have been local showers, with heavier rains north of town.

Notes from Sunbeam

The rain of last Friday was most welcome after the high winds and dust-storms of the past. The farmers are feeling more hopeful, and the farmers' wives are giving their dusters a final flourish.

The ladies of the community held a very pleasant afternoon at the home of Mrs Nelson last Wednesday, that being the regular monthly meeting of the Sunbeam Ladies' club. A demonstration by Mrs. Doug. Johnson was enjoyed by all. The ladies report that at the meeting groups were formed, and a prize cured that the first group intend giving a tea in the near future.

Sunday afternoon Morris was the Mecca for all Sunbeam people, in response to the invitation from the Morris Sunday School. Those with cars were most generous in providing means of transportation. We might mention particularly Mr. Chas. Chambers, whose car accommodated a "lucky thirteen." The splendid program put on entirely by the Morris Sunday School was appreciated by grown ups and children alike; and Mr. Sheldon's talk on "A House to Let," was especially enjoyed by the children.

Prognostication is the Favorite Sport these Days

Ottawa, June 23.

With the platforms and pledges of the political parties before the country at last, the political pot has already commenced fever heat. With the prospect of soon becoming boiling. And with scarce five weeks to go before polling day, the favorite sport of the people seems to be that of guessing which side will win Ardent Liberals tell their friends of the coming landslide in their favor, equally ardent Conservatives inform their friends of the coming popular revulsion of feeling in their favour, while the man on the fence offers the cheerful prospect of a deadlock with the balance of power in favor of the Progressives or Farmers.

The woman vote may in reality the deciding factor. Contrary to the prevailing opinion when women were given suffrage in 1918 that it would only mean doubling the vote, it was soon seen that they were quite capable of changing their minds, or else the minds of their husbands, as evidenced by the sin ept change of governments in 1921.

It is difficult to obtain any really authoritative forecast; the Leaders of course refusing to make such statements. Probably the most authoritative forecast for those unable to contain themselves until election date, may be deduced from the betting odds in different camps; on occasion they have been remarkably accurate. Another and yet another means of determining the future political colour of Canada, while the quiz board on occasion has been known to be right, although it has a dangerous faculty of answering 'yes' and 'no' to the same question. Even at that it might be said to be 50% correct. The man on the street might best flip a coin and if it come heads, his own party will win; if the reverse happen his own party will win. This has been found to be a perfectly satisfactory method of forecasting most things in life, and only fails whel the coin falls on edge or else goes down a manhole.

5th Fortnightly Crop Report

(Issued by the Department of Agriculture, Province of Alberta, June 21, 1930.)

Reports received from south of Calgary indicate that during the past fortnight several windy days with high temperatures have checked growth which up to that time had been very satisfactory. Summerfallow had been standing up well but crops sown on spring ploughing were beginning to suffer. Little or no rain had fallen during this period, but reports of rains over a large area on the night of June 20 created a much improved crop prospect. Irrigation has been generally practiced throughout the irrigated areas.

In the central and eastern part of the province, rains within the past few days have done much to relieve the serious condition caused by extreme dry weather and high winds. Estimates place the damage from winds and rainstorm as high as 40 per cent. Much of this land has been reseeded, but in some cases this was impossible owing to the difficulty in securing seed. The western and northern areas have abundant moisture, and their greatest need is for warm weather. Along the C.N.R. lines eastward from Edmonton and north of them, heavy rains have fallen. St. Paul reports five inches since June 1st and Vermilion 3.81 from June 10 to June 13. The Peace River district continues to have abundant moisture with slight damage from floods in the eastern part. Insect injury pasticularly from cutworms is greater than usual, otherwise crop conditions are favorable.

Hay and pasture crops are reported to be doing well except in the areas which has suffered so severely from high winds and lack of moisture.

The sugar beet crop is about 70 per cent. thinned. Some damage has been done by cutworms but otherwise the outlook is promising for a favorable production of beets.

Sentinel Hill W.I.

A large number of ladies attended the meeting of Sentinel Hill W.I. held at the home of Mrs. W. Morrison on June 19th. The meeting opened with singing of "O Canada," followed by community singing During the business period final arrangements were made for the strawberry and ice cream social and dance which will be held at Sentinel Hill School on the evening of Wednesday, July 2nd. There will also be baseball games of softball and a horseshoe tournament. Mrs. J. P. Ferguson motored over from Trochu and gave a very interesting and instructive talk on "The Naturalization of Women." A hearty vote of thanks was accorded Mrs Ferguson. The enjoyable musical program in charge of Mrs W. J. McNair consisted of a vocal solo by Miss Alice Morrison, and instrumental selections by Miss Nelta Limpert and Master Neil Ferguson. Roll Call was answered by "An Alberta Law " At the conclusion of the program refreshments were served by the W.I members.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs W. J. McNair on July 17th The speakers will be Mrs W. J. Barns and Mrs. G. W. A. Harcus.

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Used Cars In Demand

Though new car sales have steadily declined since last year, there is a growing demand for used cars, a recently issued bulletin from the Department of Trade and Commerce states.

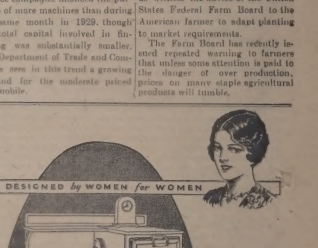
In January this year automobile finance companies financed the purchase of more machines than during the same month in 1929, though the total capital involved in financing was substantially smaller. The Department of Trade and Commerce sees in this trend a growing demand for the moderate priced automobile.

Over Production

This year will see acute overproduction in practically every agricultural commodity grown in Canada, Government officials believe.

Over-production of Agricultural commodities has already taken place in the United States, it is asserted, as witness the advice of the United States Federal Farm Board to the American farmer to adapt planting to market requirements.

The Farm Board has recently issued repeated warning to farmers that unless some attention is paid to the danger of over production, prices on many staple agricultural products will tumble.



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